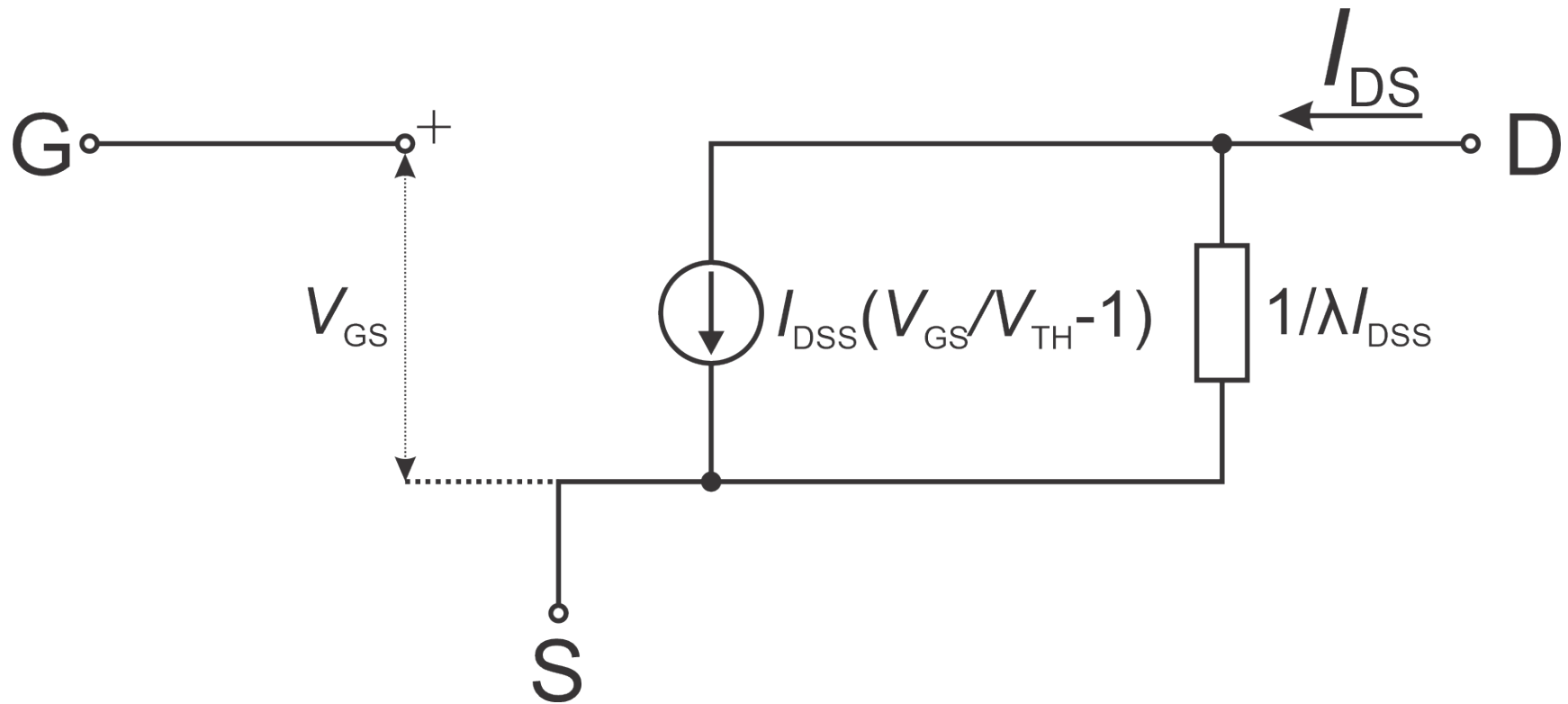


# Pojačavači sa MOS tranzistorima

# Model za velike signale (polarizacija)

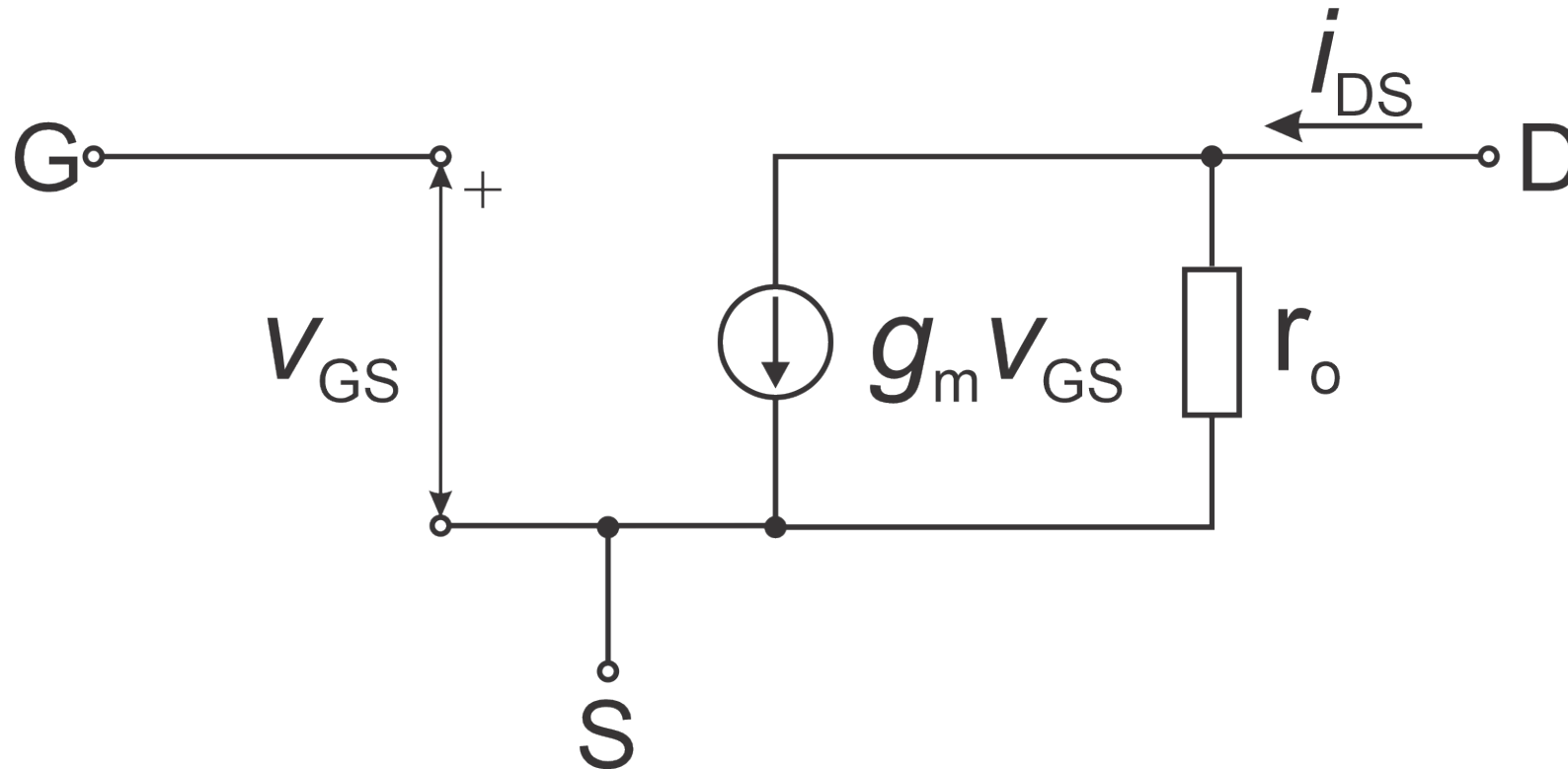
Parametri:  $I_{DSS}$ ,  $\lambda$ ,  $V_{TH}$



# Model za male signale

Parametri:  $g_m$ ,  $r_o$

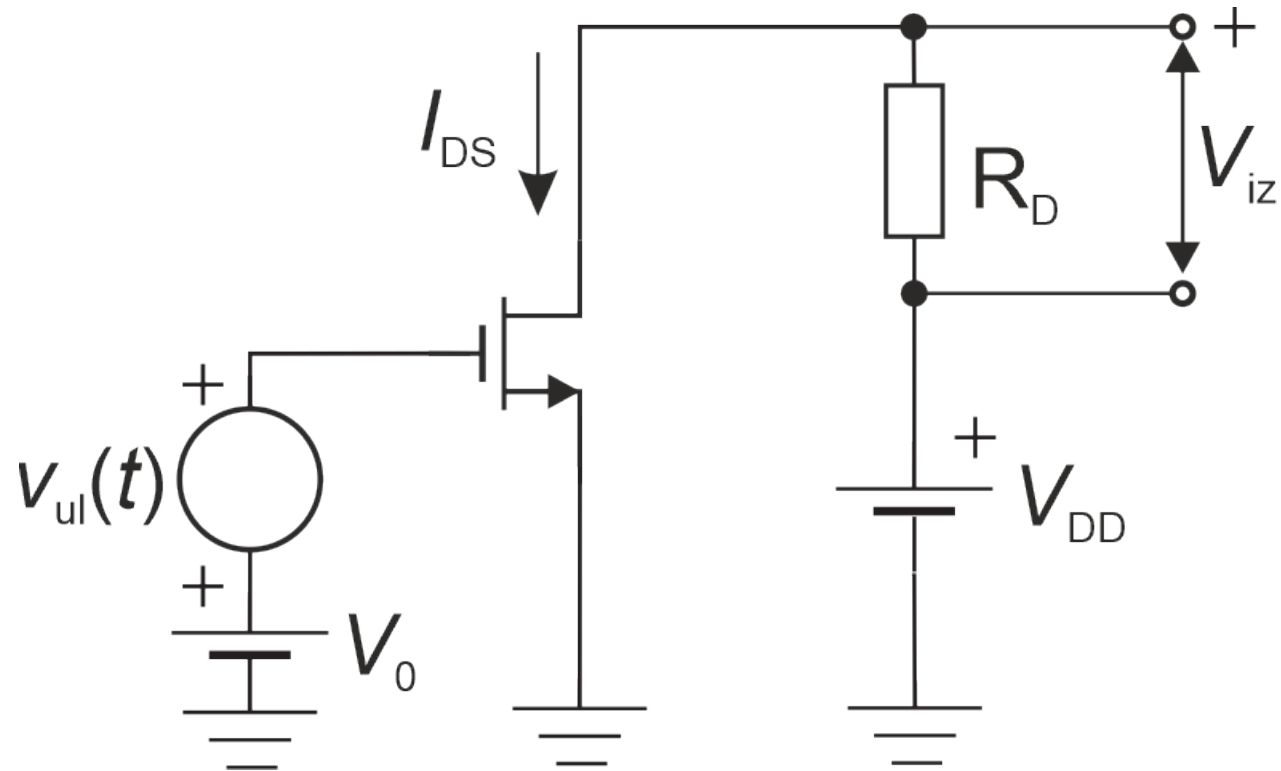
$$g_m = \frac{2I_{DSS}}{V_{TH}} \cdot \left( \frac{V_{GS}}{V_{TH}} - 1 \right), \quad r_o = \frac{1}{\lambda I_{DS0}}$$



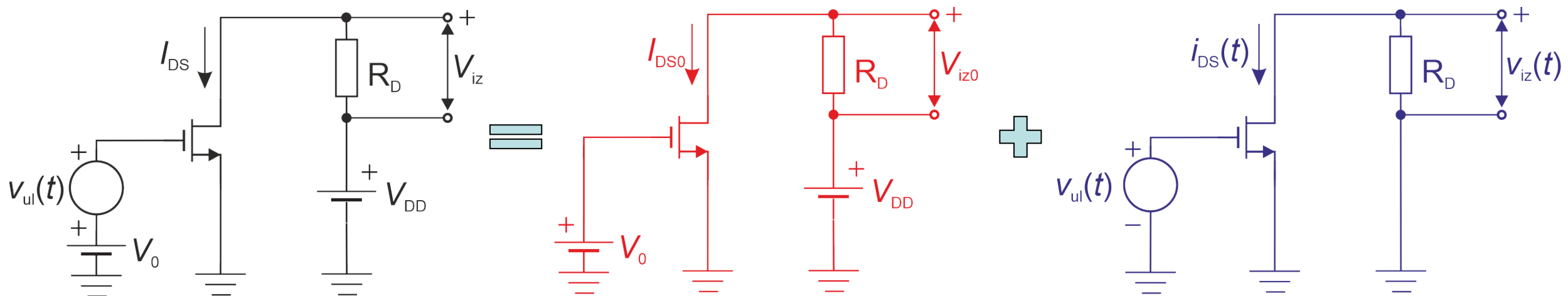
# Pojačavač – analiza i sinteza

- Izbor topologije
- Obezbeđenje odgovarajuće polarizacija svih tranzistora u kolu
- Analiza ponašanja realizovanog kola za jednosmerni režim
- Analiza ponašanja realizovanog kola za male signale (pojačanje, amplitudska karakteristika, ulazna i izlazna impedansa)

# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim sorsom



# Superpozicija – kola za velike i male signale

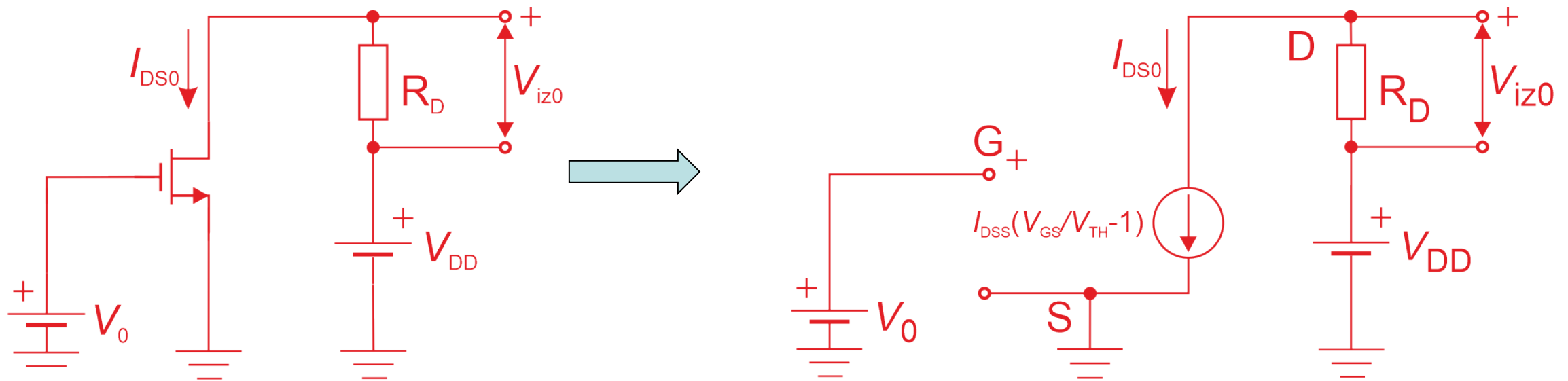


Veliki signali  
(polarizacija)

Signali malih  
amplituda

# Jednosmerni režim (veliki signali)

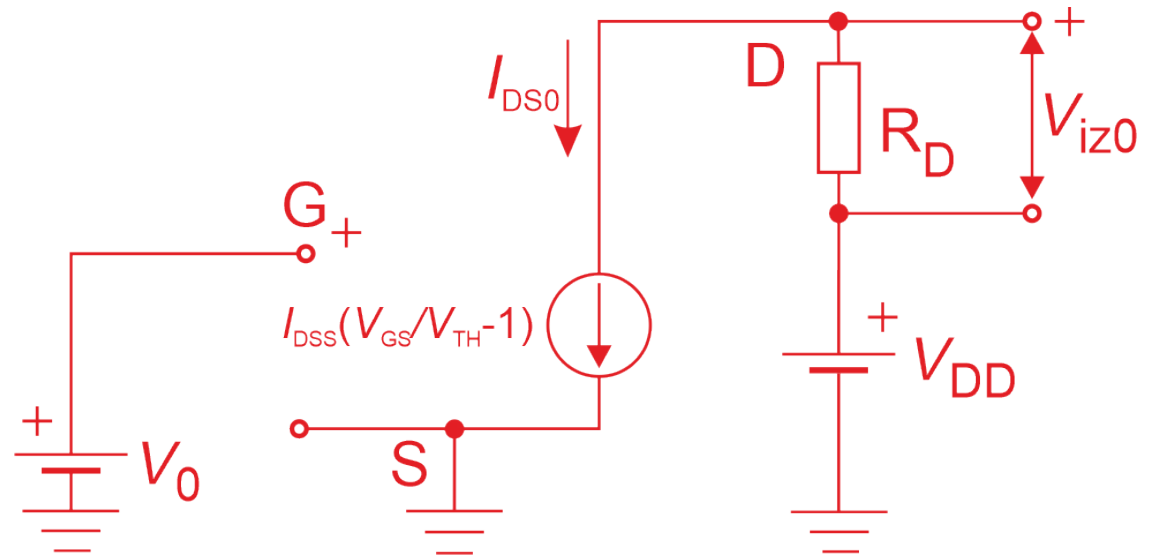
- Pronalazi se se  $I_{DS0}$ , izračunava  $g_m$ ,  $r_o$ .



# Jednosmerni režim (veliki signali)

- $V_{TH}$ ,  $I_{DSS}$ ,  $\lambda = 0$

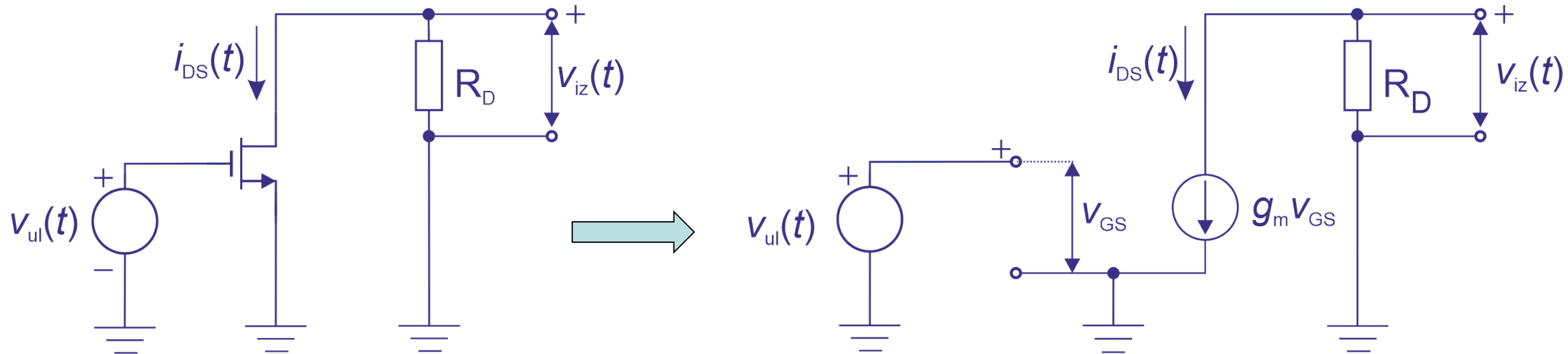
$$I_{DS0} = I_{DSS} \cdot \left( \frac{V_0}{V_{TH}} - 1 \right)^2$$





# Naizmenični režim (mali signali)

- $g_m, r_o = \infty$



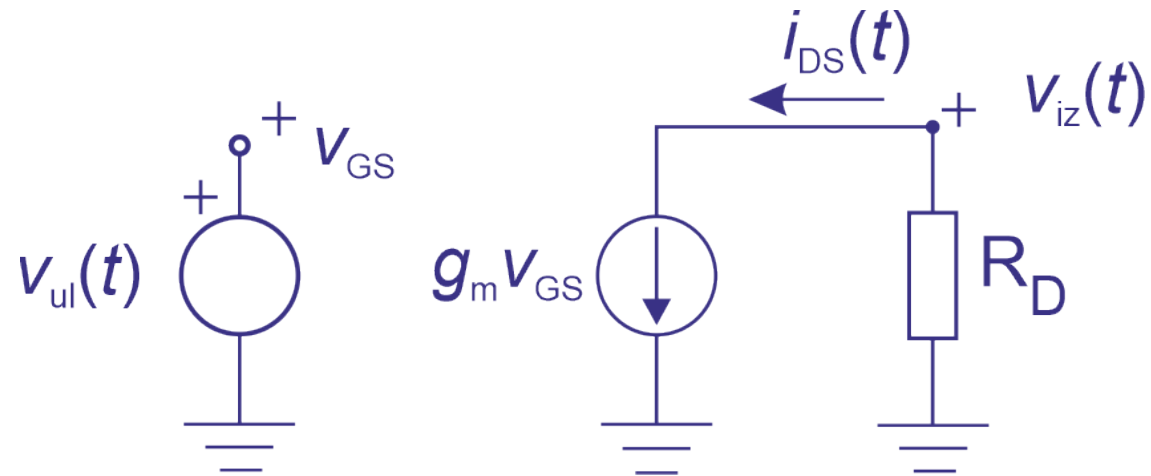
# Naizmenični režim (mali signali)

$$v_{GS} = v_{ul}$$

$$v_{iz} = -i_{DS} \cdot R_D$$

$$v_{iz} = -g_m \cdot R_D \cdot v_{GS}$$

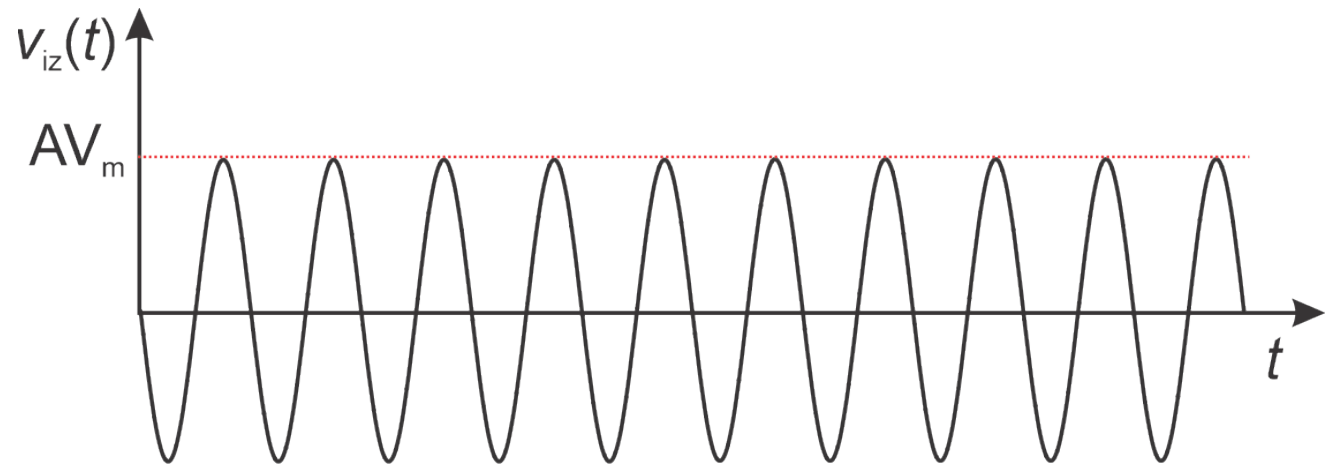
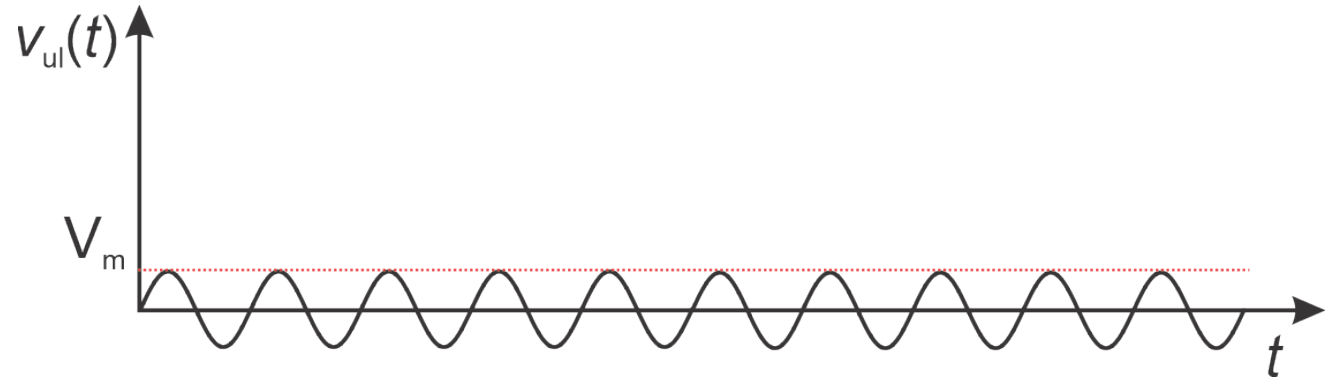
$$v_{iz} = -g_m \cdot R_D \cdot v_{ul}$$



# Pojačanje pojačavača

$$A = \frac{v_{iz}}{v_{ul}}$$

$$A = -g_m \cdot R_D$$

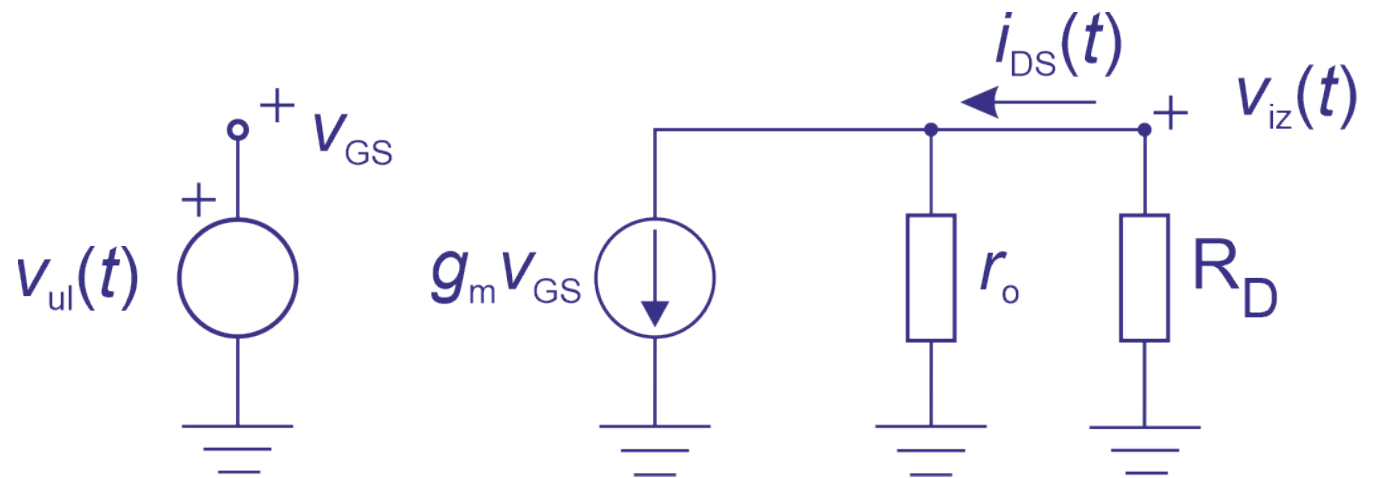


# Uticaj modulacije dužine kanala na pojačanje

$$v_{GS} = v_{ul}$$

$$v_{iz} = -g_m \cdot (R_D \parallel r_o) \cdot v_{GS}$$

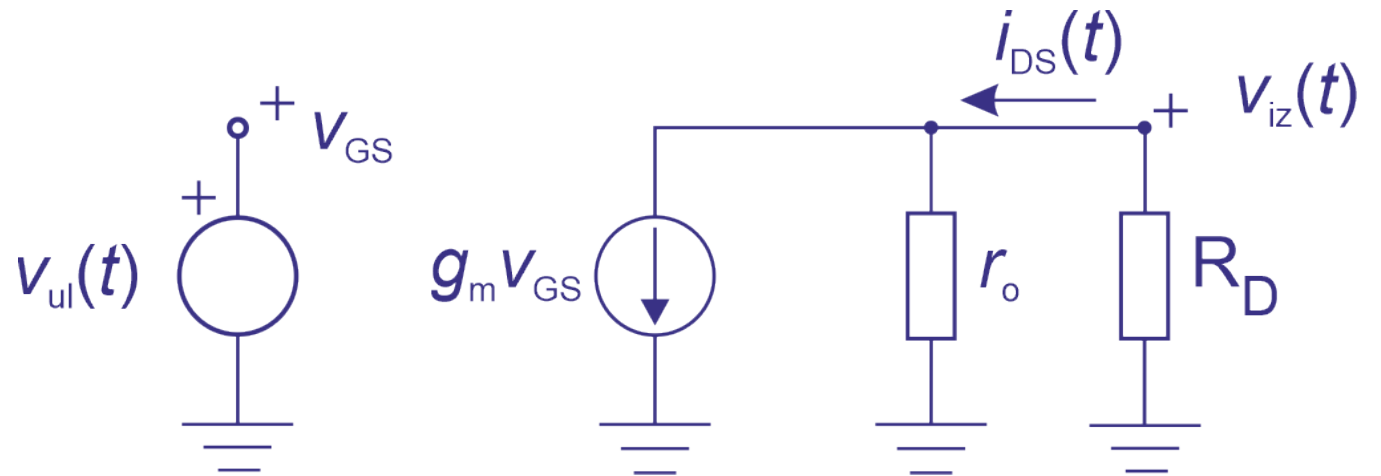
$$v_{iz} = -g_m \cdot (R_D \parallel r_o) \cdot v_{ul}$$



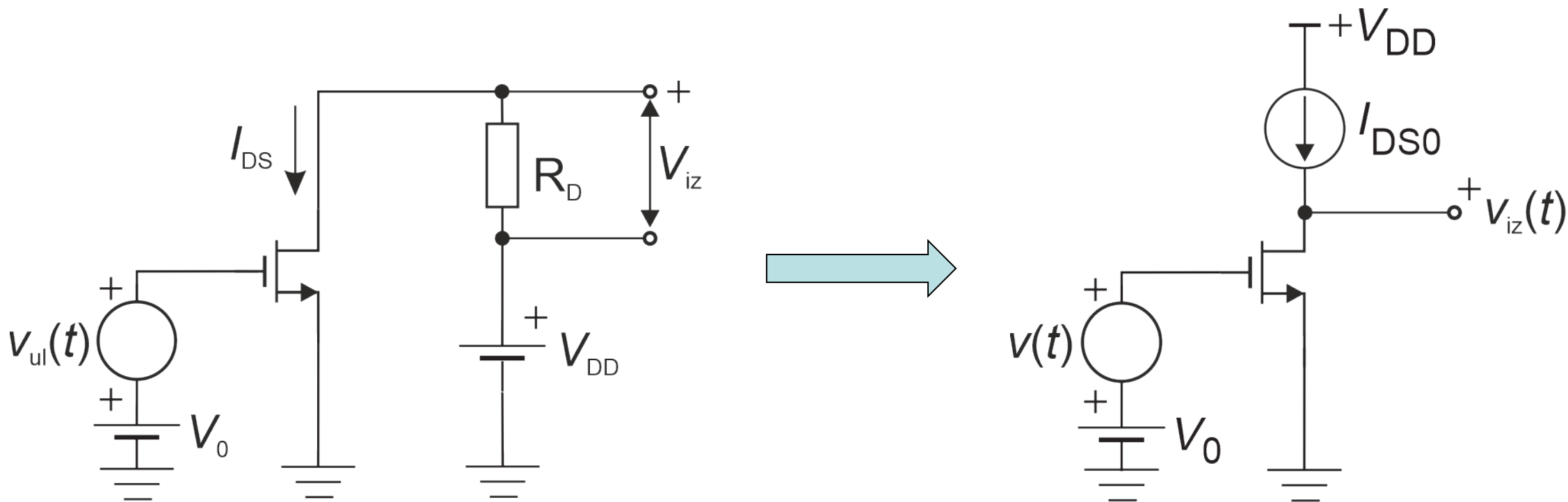
# Uticaj modulacije dužine kanala na pojačanje

$$A = \frac{v_{iz}}{v_{ul}}$$

$$A = -g_m \cdot (R_D \parallel r_o)$$



# Maksimalno pojačanje pojačavača

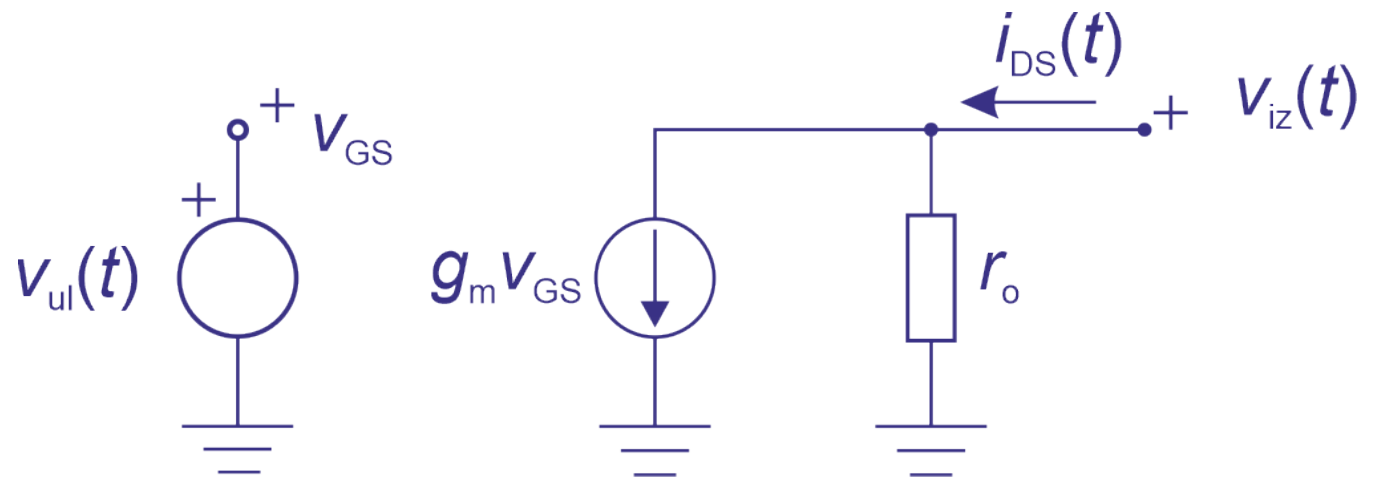


# Maksimalno pojačanje pojačavača

$$v_{GS} = v_{ul}$$

$$v_{iz} = -g_m \cdot r_o \cdot v_{GS}$$

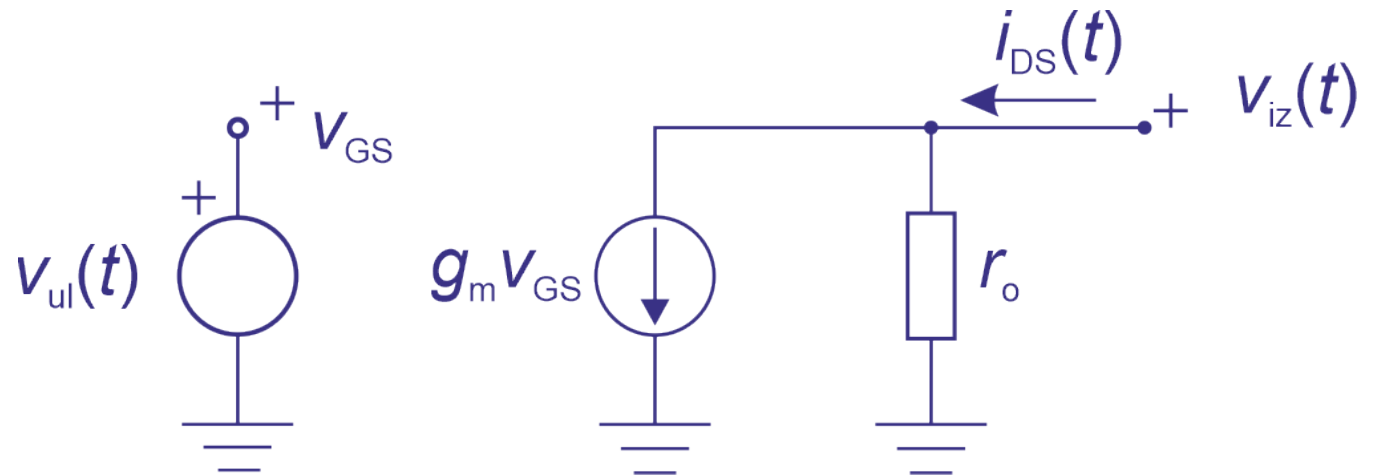
$$v_{iz} = -g_m \cdot r_o \cdot v_{ul}$$



# Maksimalno pojačanje pojačavača

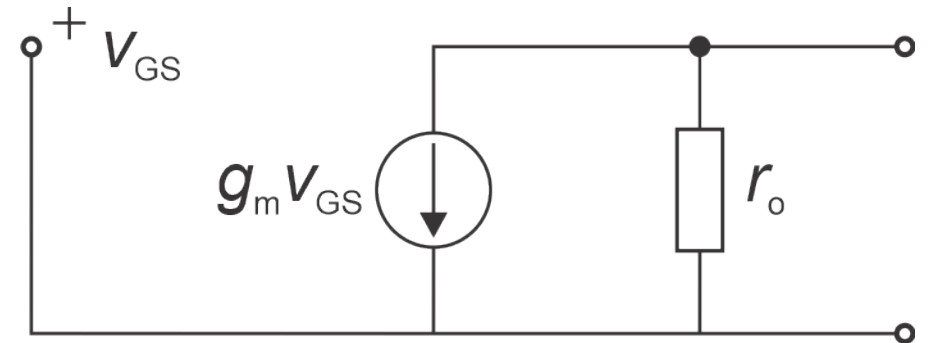
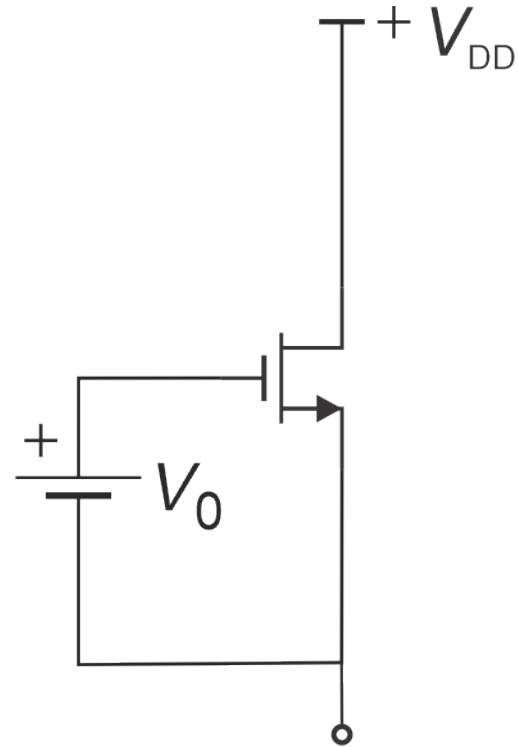
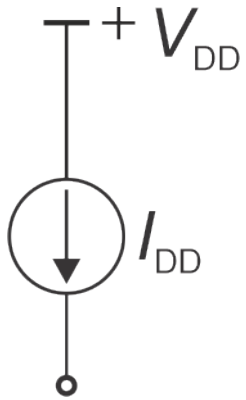
- Intrisično pojačanje pojačavača

$$A = -g_m \cdot r_o$$





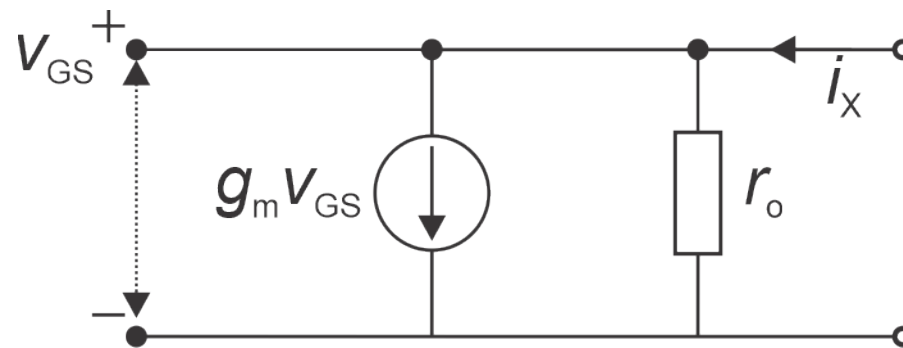
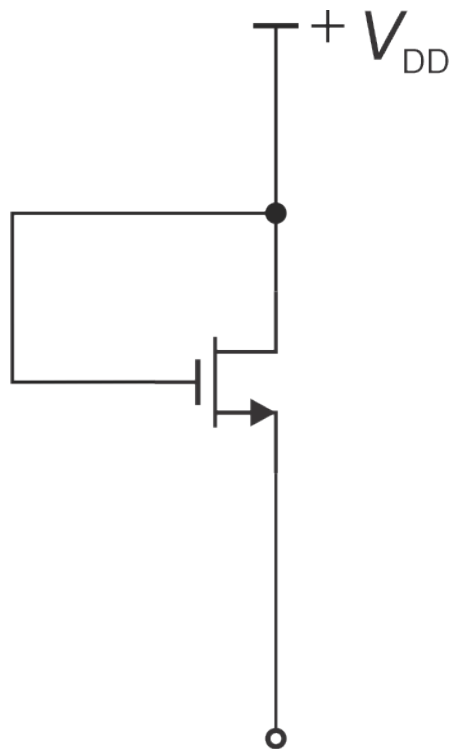
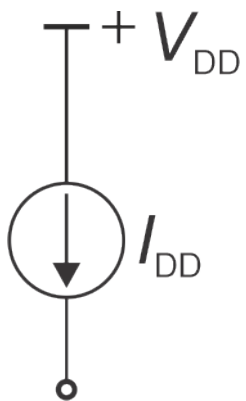
# Izvori konstantne struje



$$R_{DS} = r_o$$

$$I_{DD} = I_{DSS} \left( \frac{V_0}{V_{TH}} - 1 \right)^2$$

# Izvori konstantne struje



$$I_{DD} = I_{DSS} \left( \frac{V_0}{V_{TH}} - 1 \right)^2$$

$$i_X = g_m v_{GS} + v_X / r_o \quad i_X = g_m v_X + v_X / r_o$$

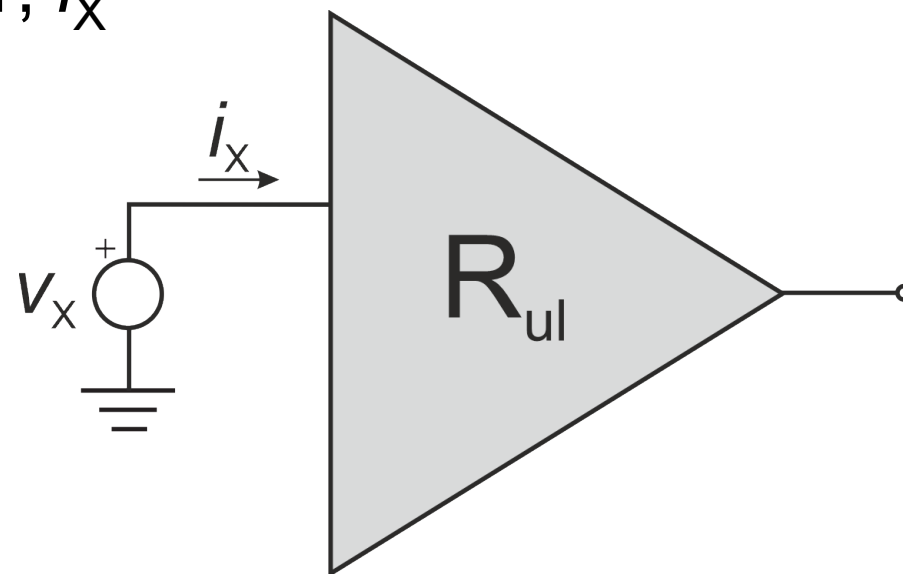
$$R_{DS} = \frac{1}{1/r_o + g_m}$$

$$R_{DS} = r_o \parallel 1/g_m$$

# Ulazna impedansa

- Kratkospojiti sve nezavisne naponske generatore
- Odvezati sve nezavisne strujne generatore
- Postaviti izvor malog signala na ulaz kola  $v_X$
- Izračunati struju koju proizvodi izvor,  $i_X$

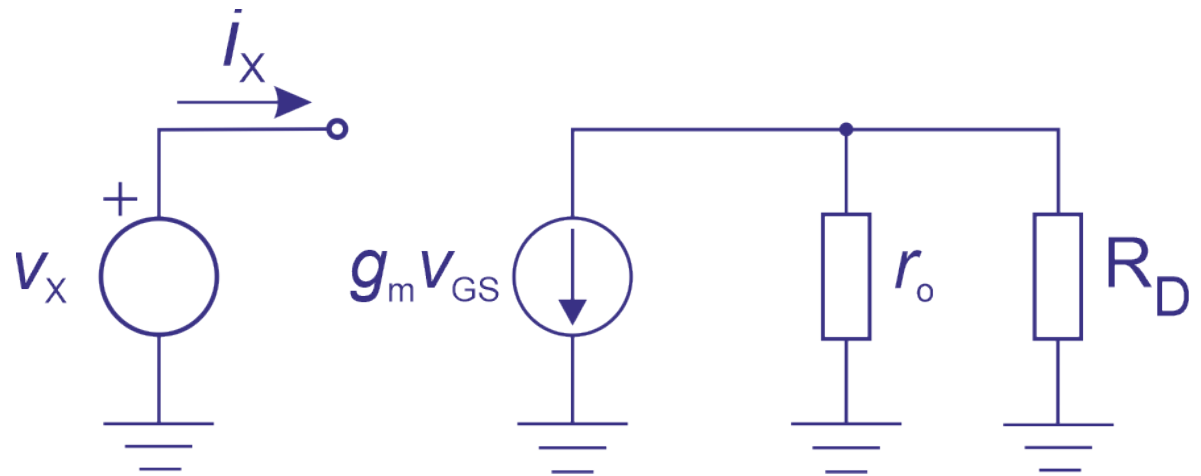
$$R_{ul} = \frac{v_X}{i_X}$$



# Ulazna impedansa

$$i_x = 0$$

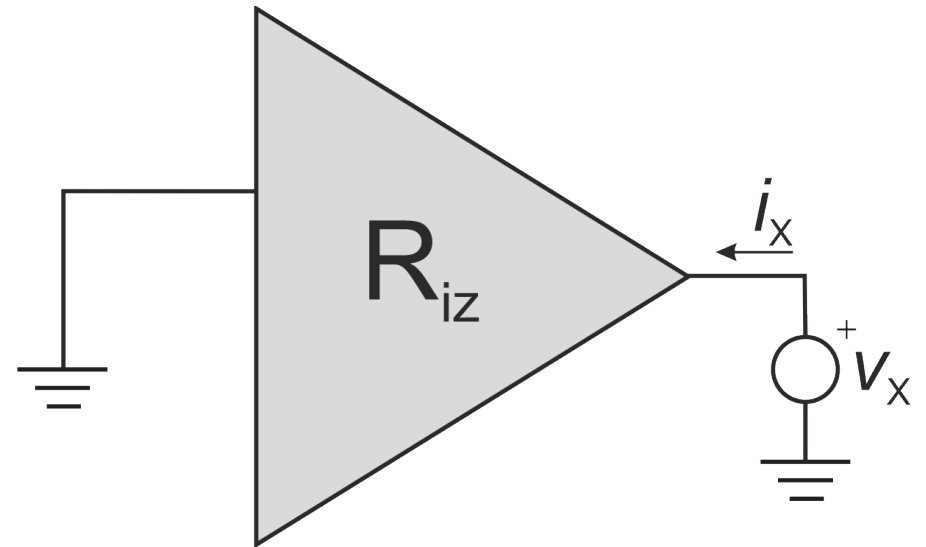
$$R_{ul} = \infty$$



# Izlazna impedansa

- Kratkospojiti sve nezavisne naponske generatore
- Odvezati sve nezavisne strujne generatore
- Odrediti ekvivalentnu Thevenenovu otpornost kola

$$R_{iz} = \frac{v_X}{i_X}$$

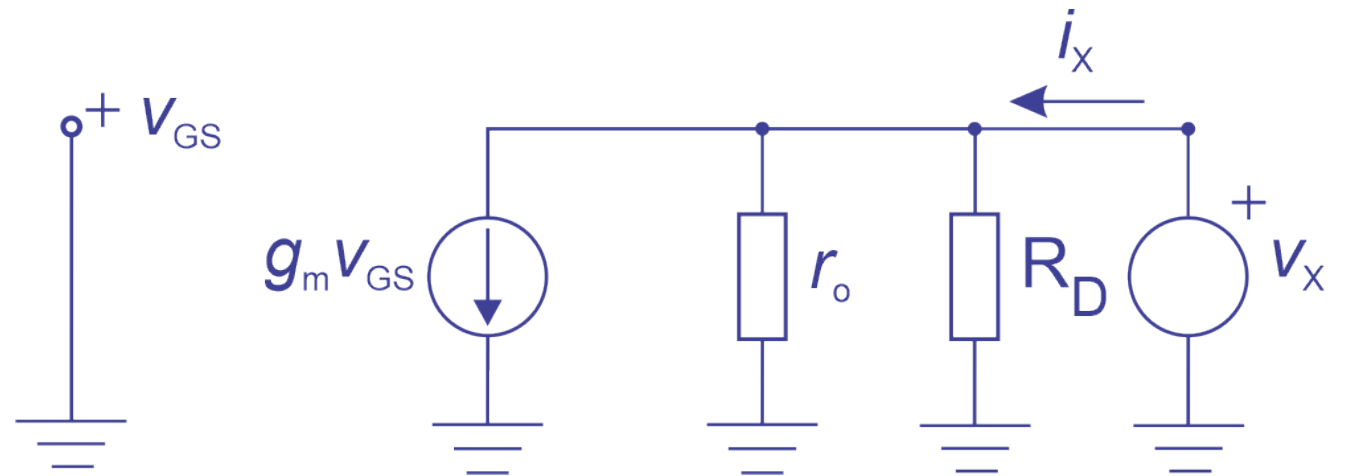


# Izlazna impedansa

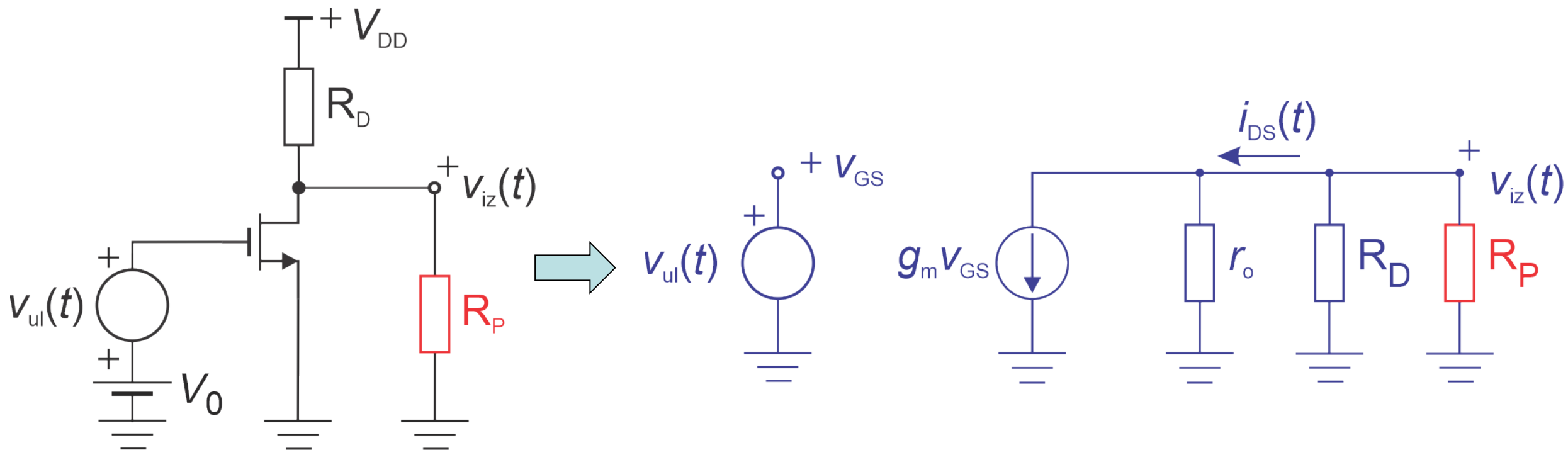
$$v_{GS} = 0$$

$$v_X = i_X \cdot (r_o \parallel R_D)$$

$$R_{iz} = r_o \parallel R_D$$



# Uticaj otpornosti potrošača



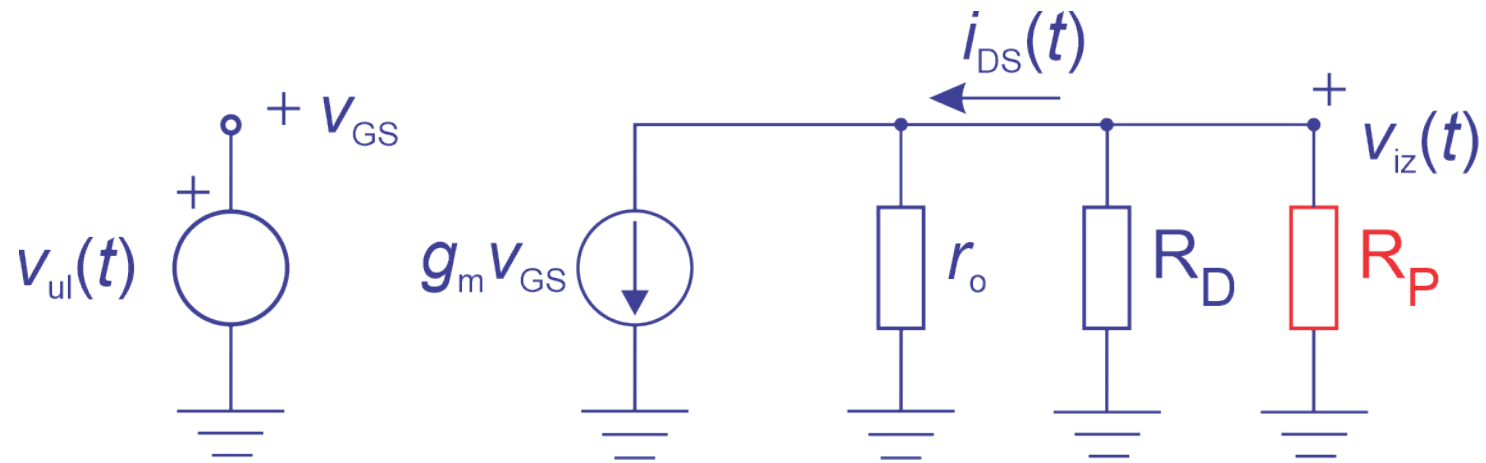
# Uticaj otpornosti potrošača

$$v_{GS} = v_{ul}$$

$$v_{iz} = -g_m \cdot (R_D \parallel r_o \parallel R_P) \cdot v_{GS}$$

$$v_{iz} = -g_m \cdot (R_D \parallel r_o \parallel R_P) \cdot v_{ul}$$

$$A = -g_m \cdot (R_D \parallel r_o \parallel R_P)$$





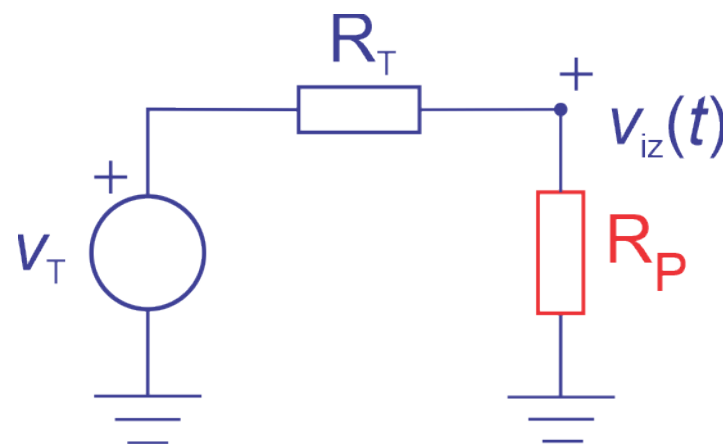
# Uticaj otpornosti potrošača

$$v_T = -g_m \cdot (r_o \parallel R_D) \cdot v_{ul} \quad R_T = R_{iz} = r_o \parallel R_D$$

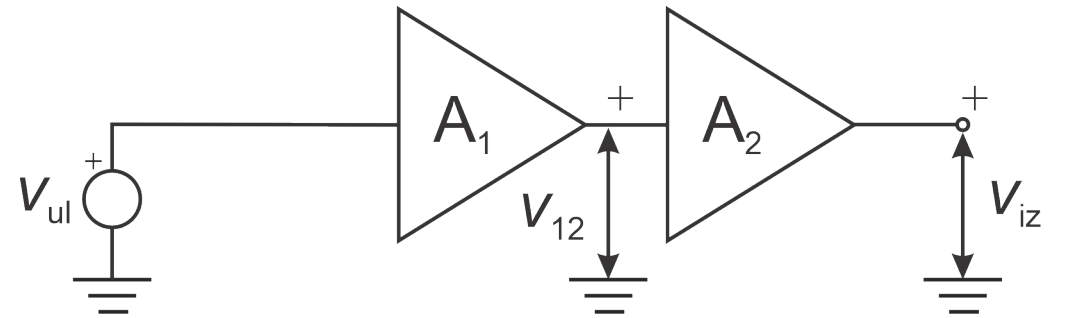
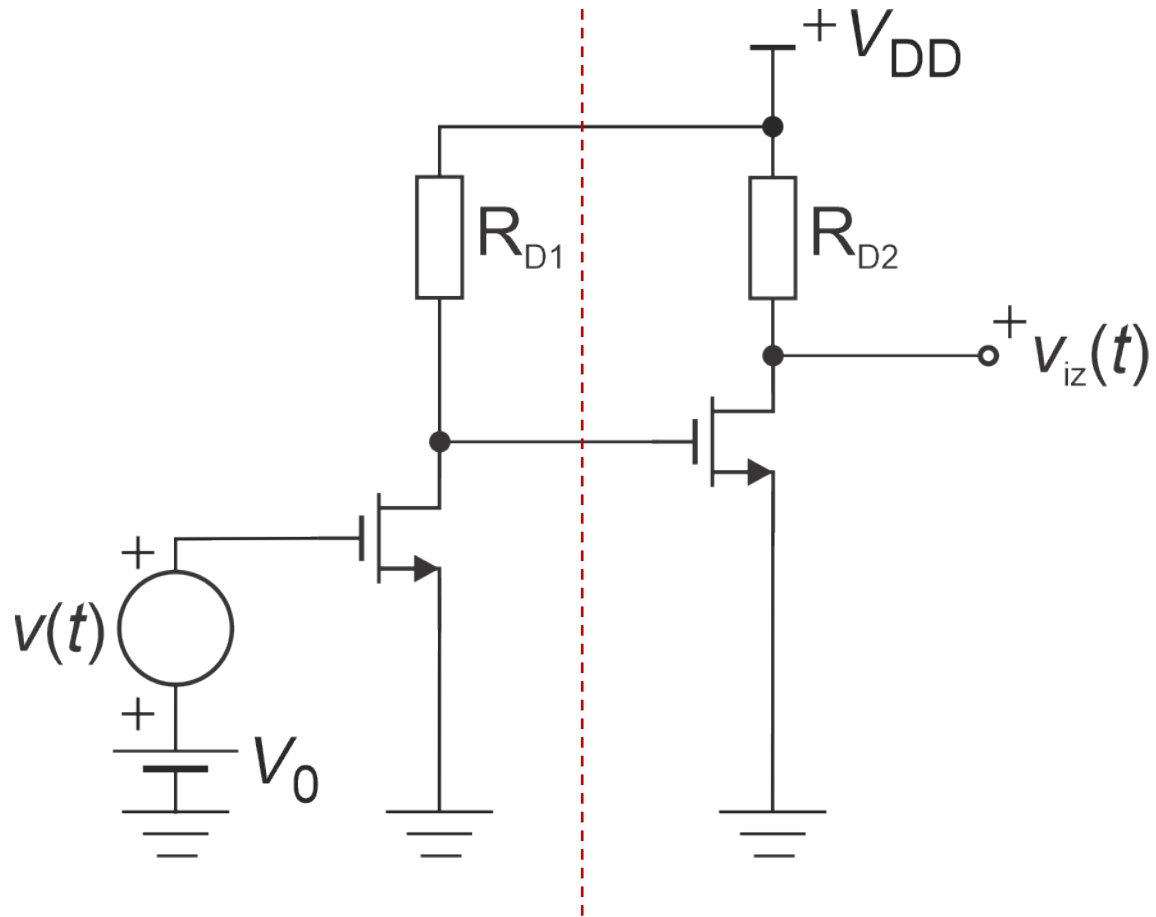
$$v_{iz} = \frac{R_P}{R_T + R_P} \cdot v_T$$

$$v_{iz} = -g_m \cdot \frac{R_P R_D r_o}{R_D r_o + R_D R_P + r_o R_P} \cdot v_{ul}$$

$$v_{iz} = -g_m \cdot (r_o \parallel R_D \parallel R_P) \cdot v_{ul}$$

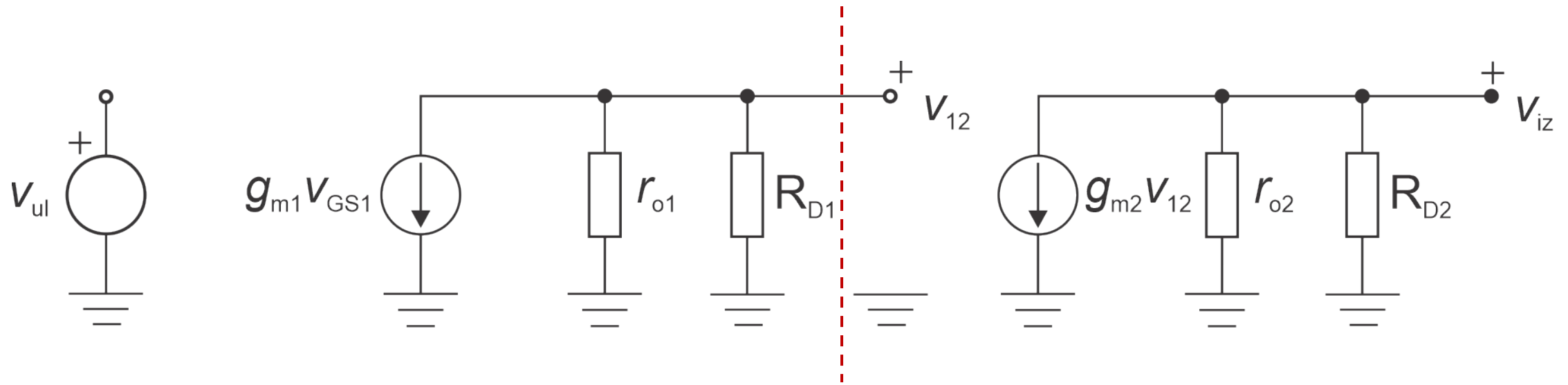


# Kaskadna veza pojačavača



$$A = A_1 A_2 ?$$

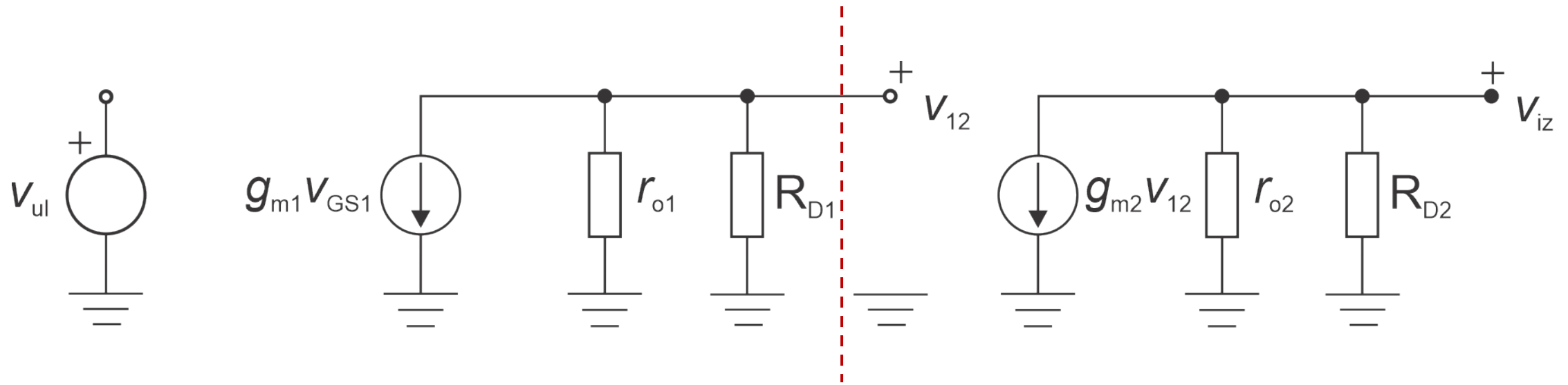
# Kaskadna veza pojačavača



$$v_{12} = -g_{m1} \cdot (r_{o1} \parallel R_{D1}) \cdot v_{ul}$$

$$v_{iz} = -g_{m2} \cdot (r_{o2} \parallel R_{D2}) \cdot v_{12}$$

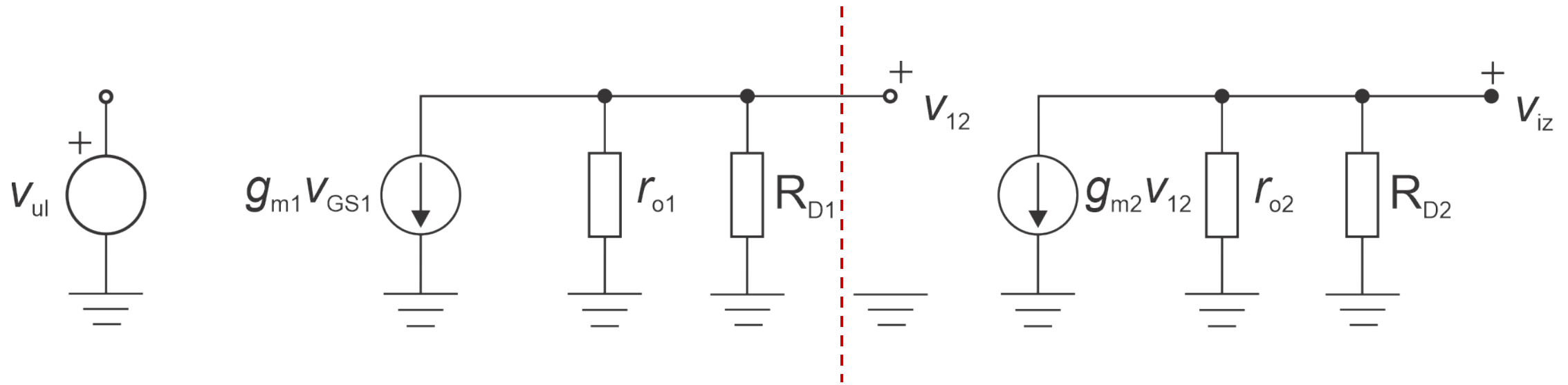
# Kaskadna veza pojačavača



$$A_1 = -g_{m1} \cdot (r_{o1} \parallel R_{D1})$$

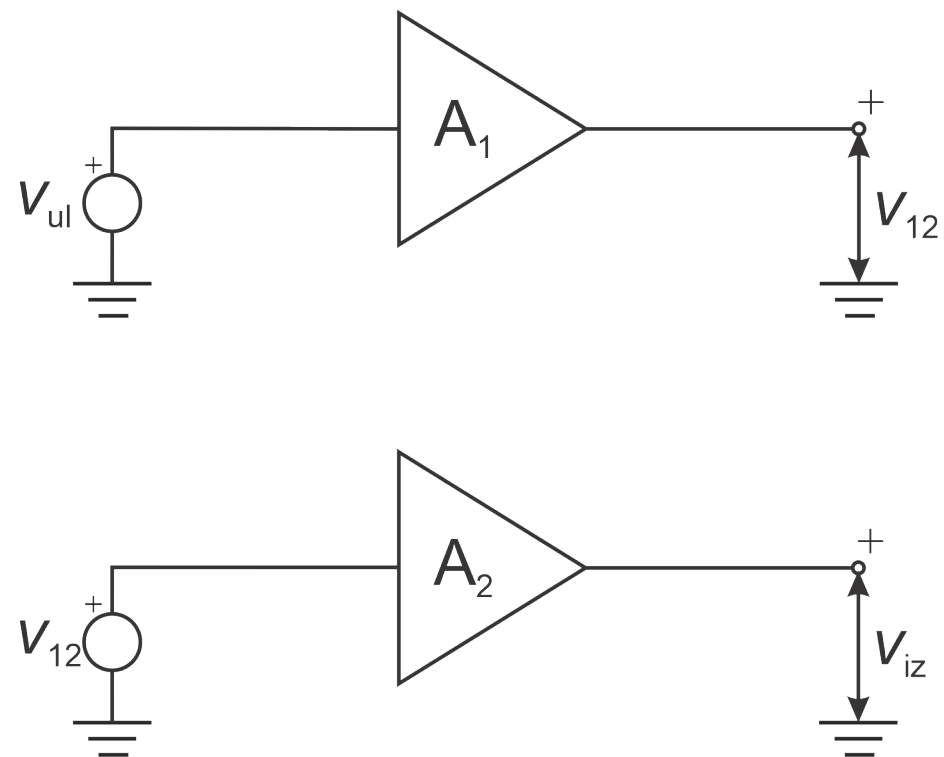
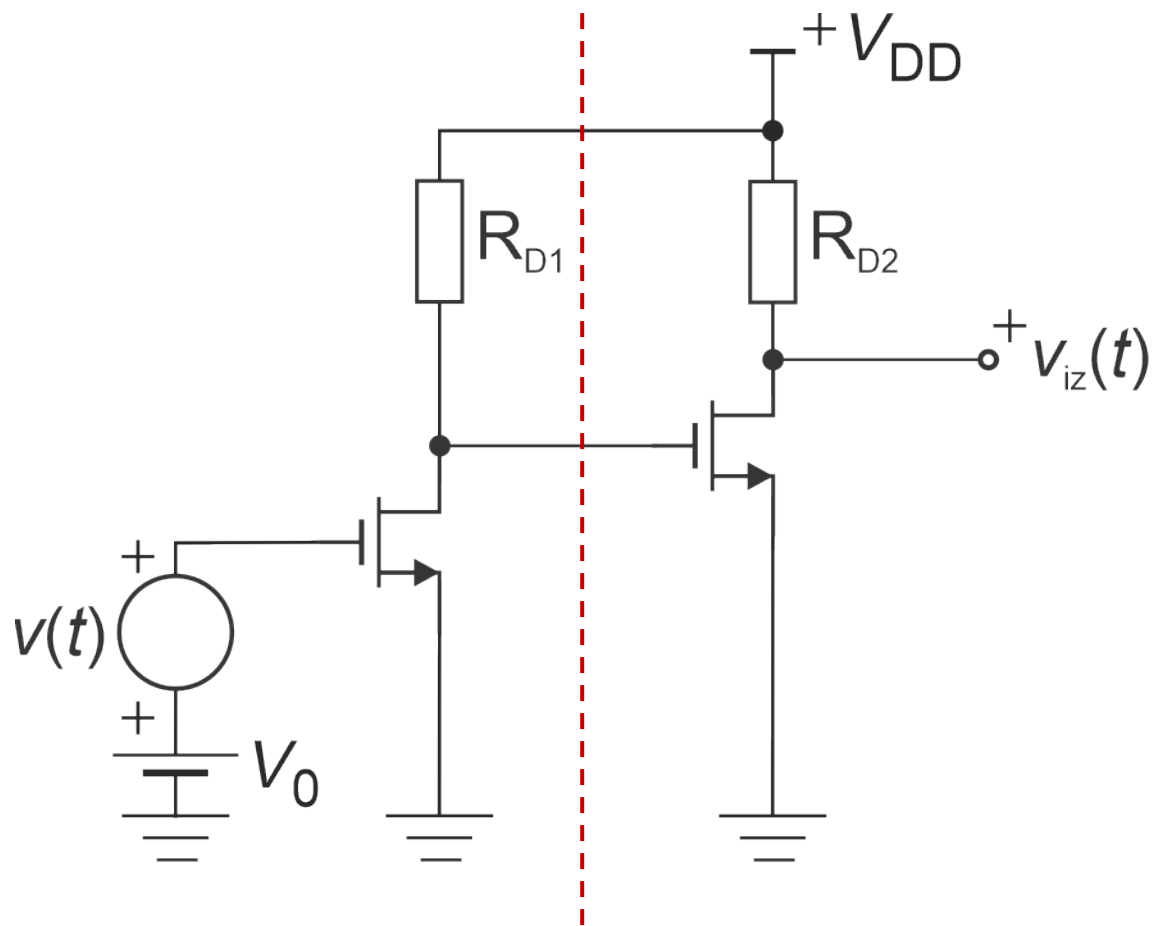
$$A_2 = -g_{m2} \cdot (r_{o2} \parallel R_{D2})$$

# Kaskadna veza pojačavača



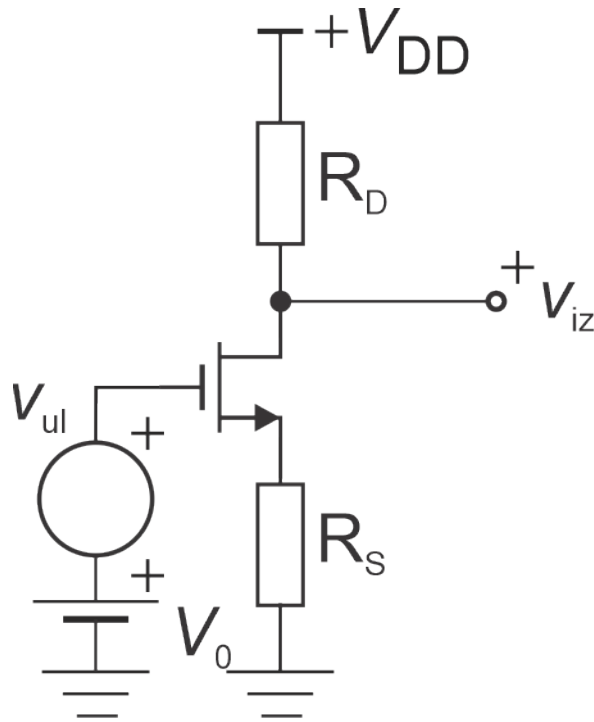
$$A = A_1 A_2 = g_{m1} \cdot g_{m2} \cdot (r_{o1} \parallel R_{D1}) \cdot (r_{o2} \parallel R_{D2})$$

# Kaskadna veza pojačavača



# Degenerisani sors

- Otpornik u grani sorsa, polarizacija



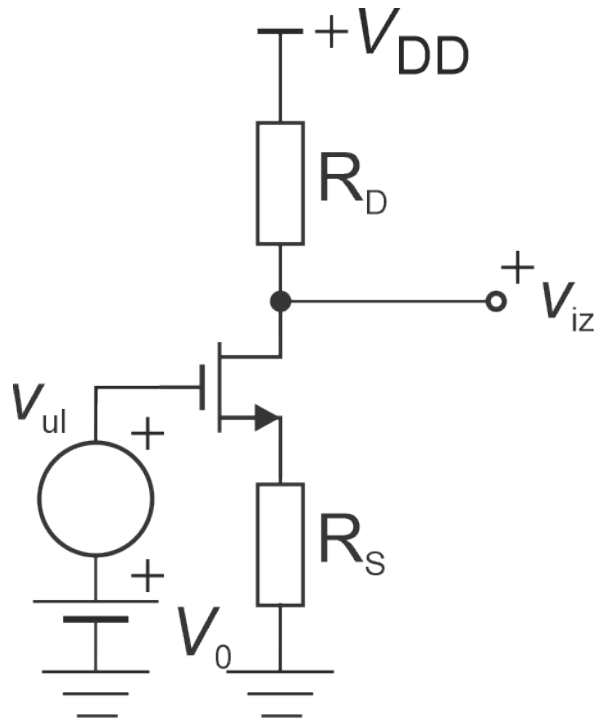
$$V_{DS} > V_{DS} - V_{TH}$$

$$V_{GS} = V_0 - I_{DS} R_S$$

$$I_{DS} = I_{DSS} \left( \frac{V_{GS}}{V_{TH}} - 1 \right)^2$$

$$I_{DS} = \frac{I_{DSS}}{V_{TH}^2} (V_0 - I_{DS} R_S - V_{TH})^2$$

# Degenerisani sors



$$I_{DS}^2 R_S^2 - \left( 2(V_0 - V_{TH}) R_S + \frac{V_{TH}^2}{I_{DSS}} \right) I_{DS} + (V_0 - V_{TH})^2 = 0$$

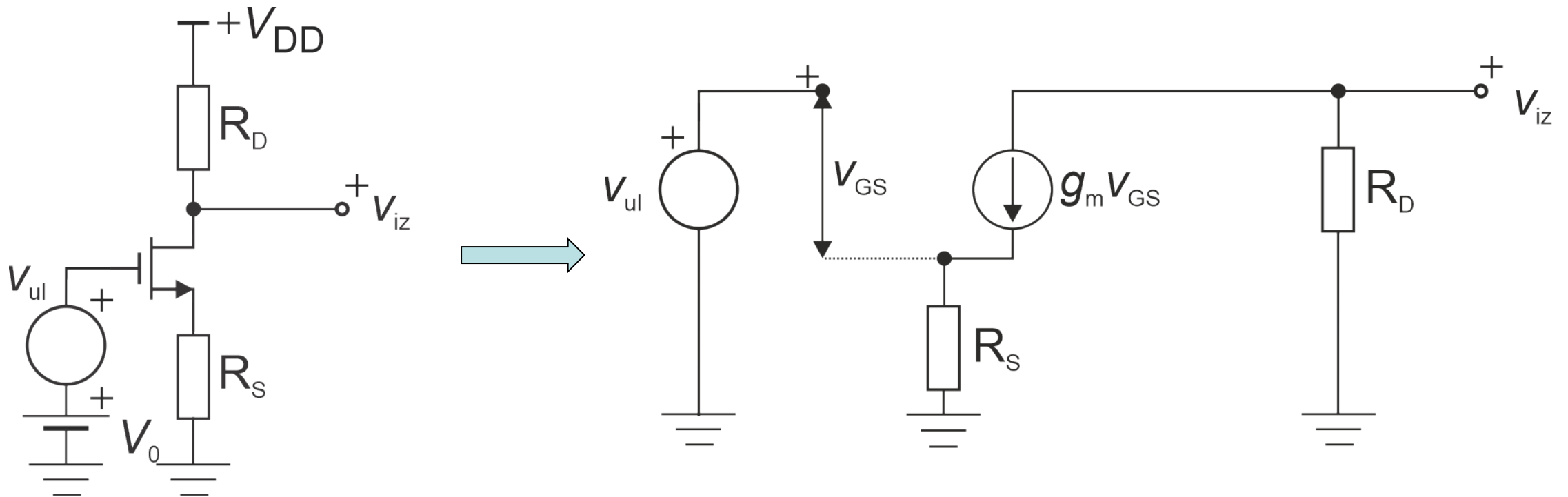
$$I_{DS} = \dots$$

- Ukoliko rešenja nisu realna, MOS tranzistor nije u zasićenju



# Degenerisani sors

- Model za male signale ( $r_o = \infty$ )

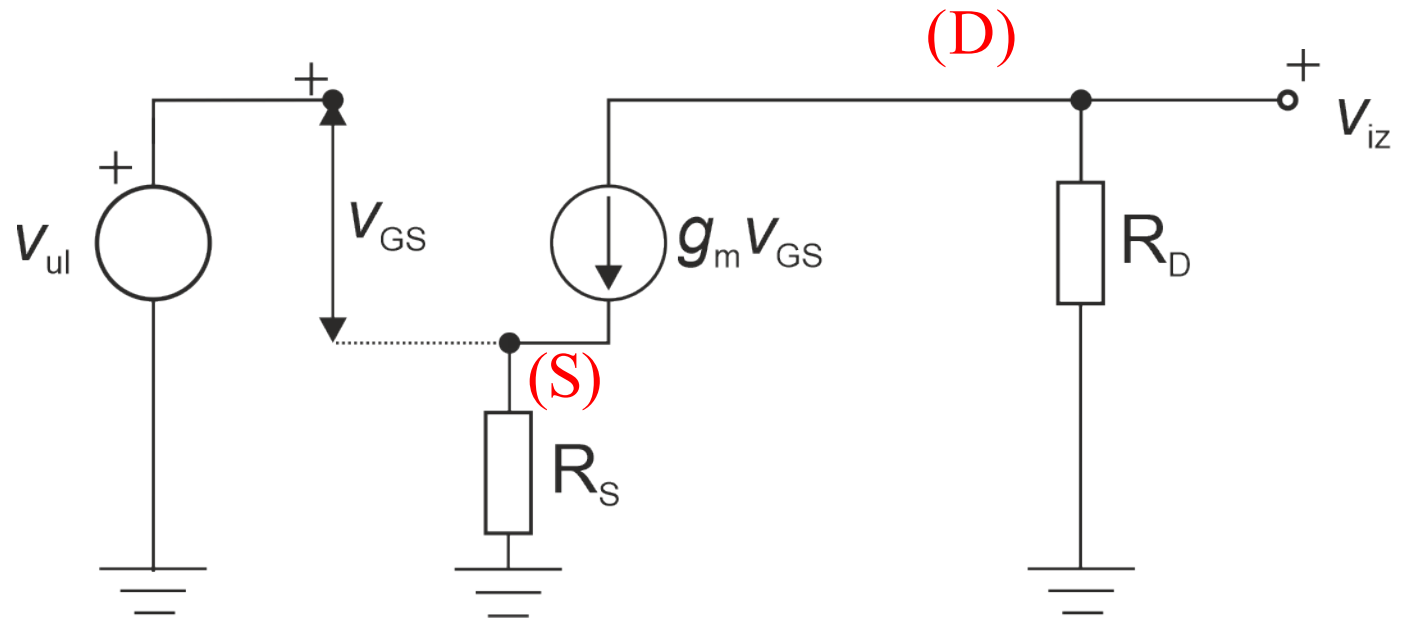


# Degenerisani sors – pojačanje

$$\frac{v_{iz}}{R_D} + g_m \cdot v_{GS} = 0 \quad (D)$$

$$v_{iz} = -g_m R_D v_{GS}$$

$$v_{ul} = v_{GS} + g_m v_{GS} R_S \quad (S)$$

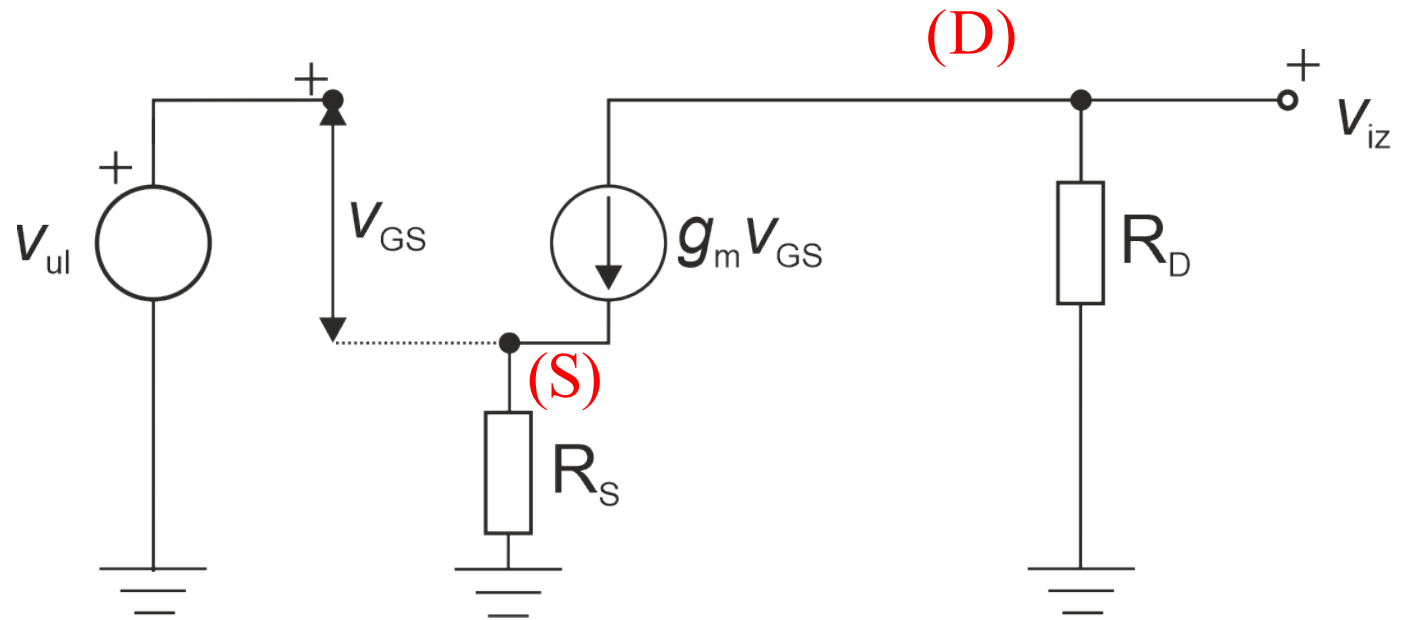


# Degenerisani sors – pojačanje

$$v_{GS} = \frac{v_{ul}}{1 + g_m R_S}$$

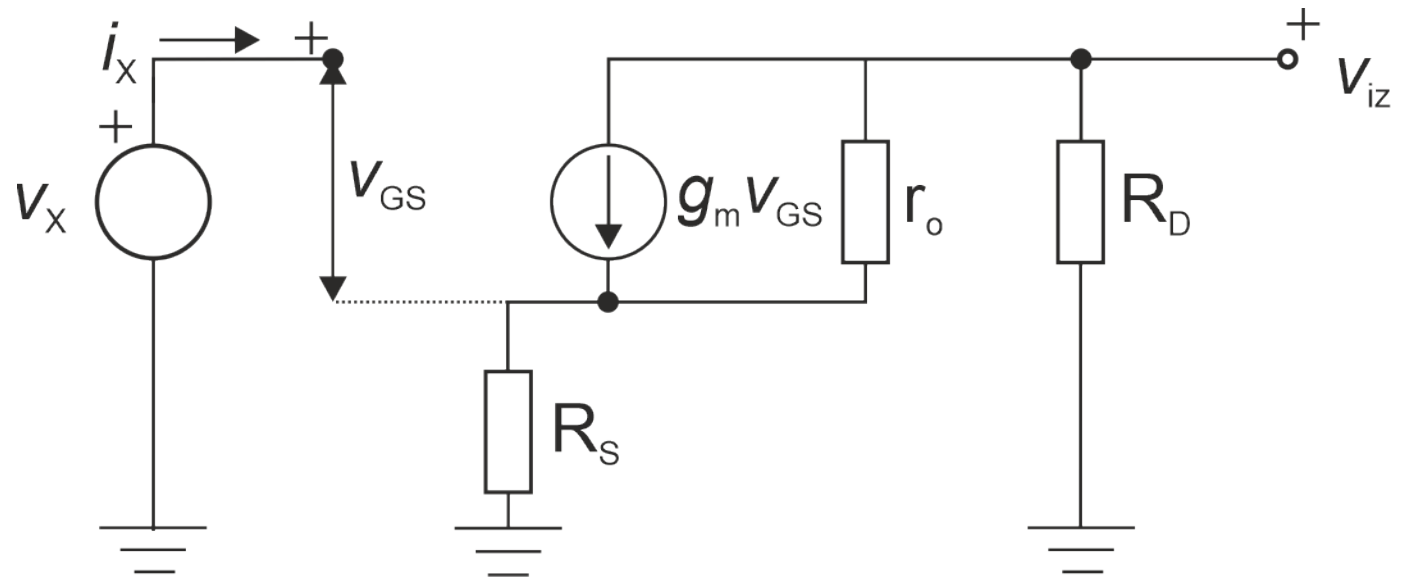
$$v_{iz} = -\frac{g_m R_D}{1 + g_m R_S} v_{ul}$$

$$A = -\frac{g_m R_D}{1 + g_m R_S}$$



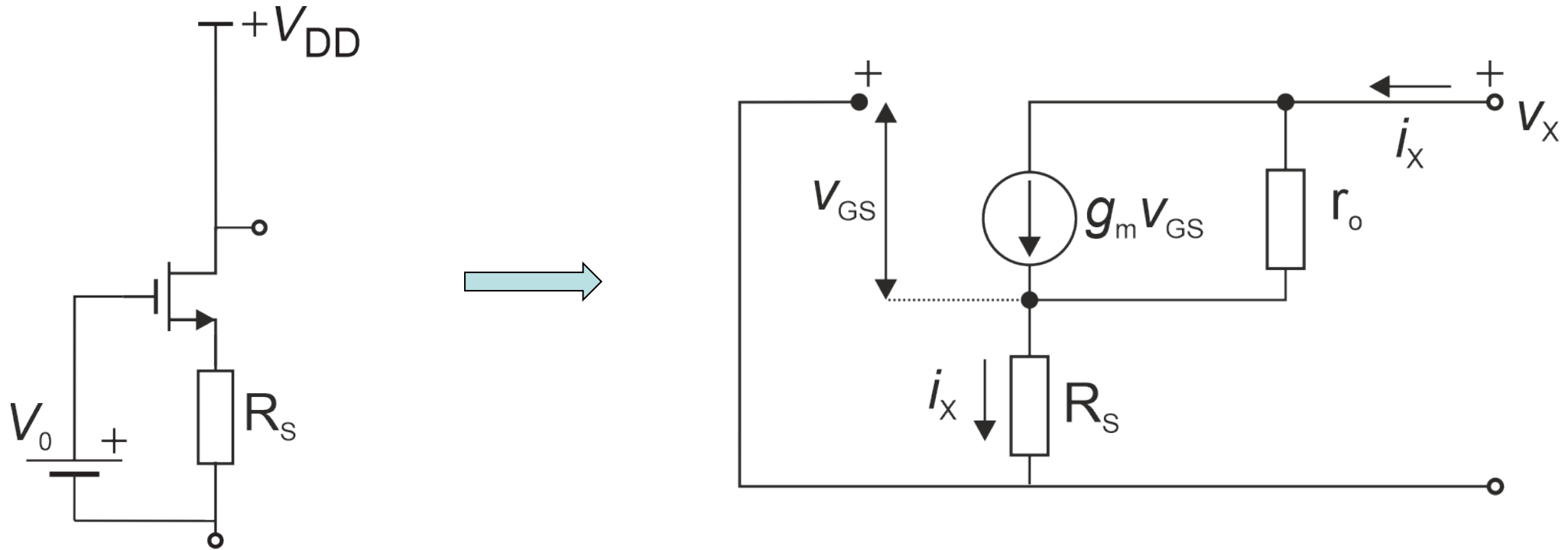
# Degenerisani sors – ulazna impedansa

$$R_{ul} = \infty$$



# Strujni izvor sa degenerisanim sorsom – impedansa

- Model za male signale ( $r_o$ )



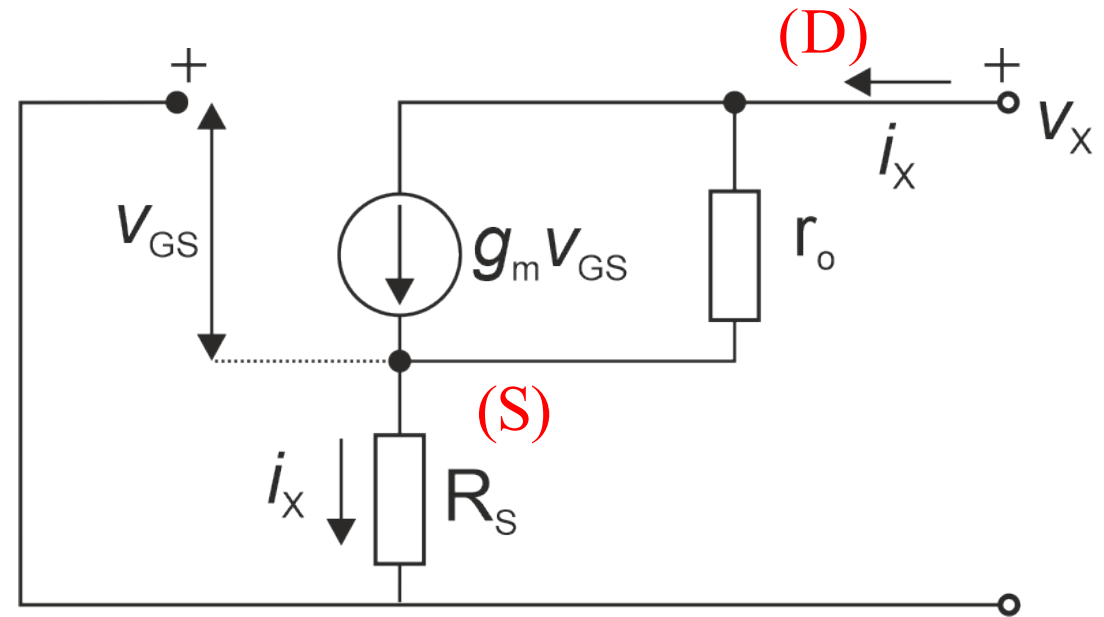
# Strujni izvor sa degenerisanim sorsom – impedansa

$$v_{GS} = -i_X R_S \quad (S)$$

$$v_X = (i_X - g_m v_{GS}) r_o + i_X R_S$$

$$v_X = (i_X + i_X g_m R_S) r_o + i_X R_S$$

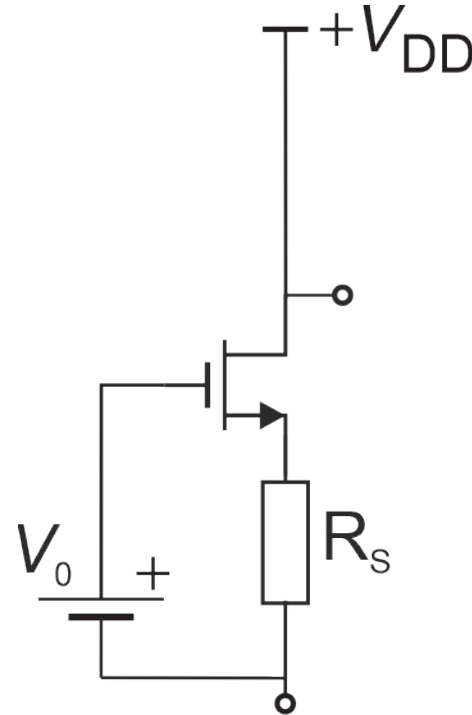
$$\frac{v_X}{i_X} = (1 + g_m R_S) r_o + R_S$$



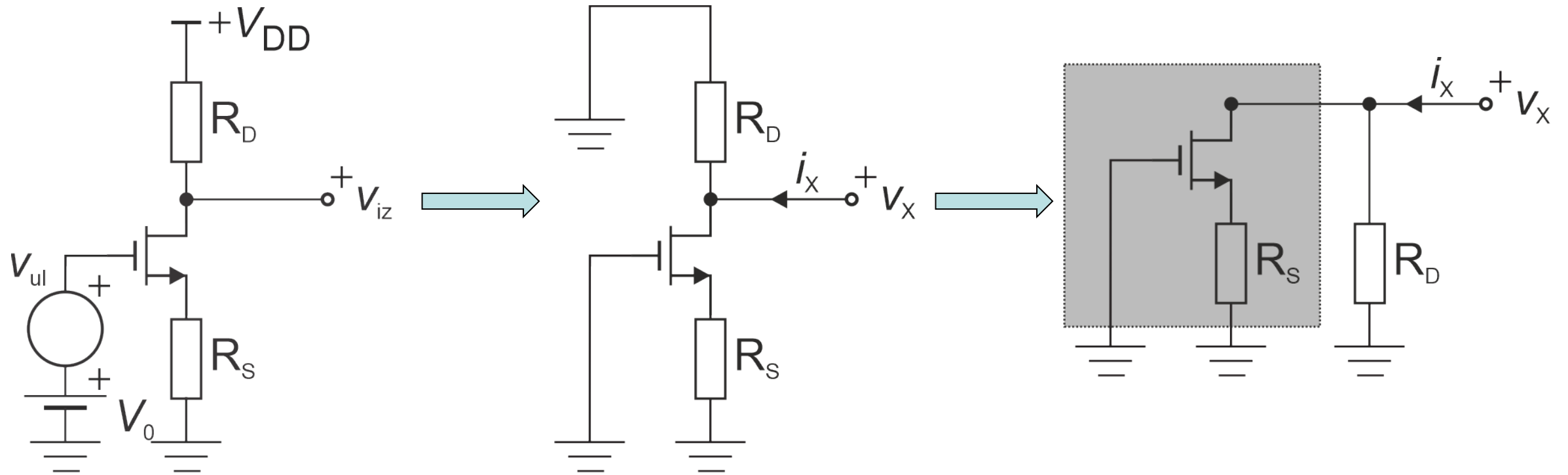
# Strujni izvor sa degenerisanim sorsom – impedansa

$$R_{DS} = (1 + g_m R_S) r_o + R_S$$

$$R_{DS} = (1 + g_m r_o) R_S + r_o$$



# Degenerisani sors – izlazna impedansa

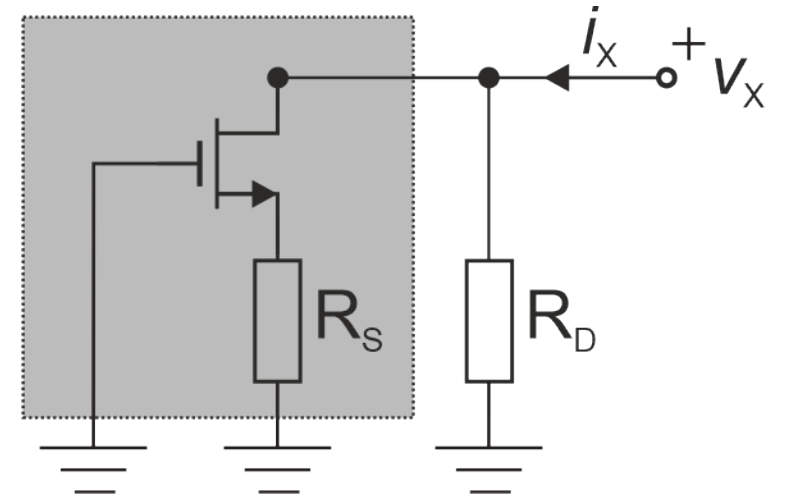




# Degenerisani sors – izlazna impedansa

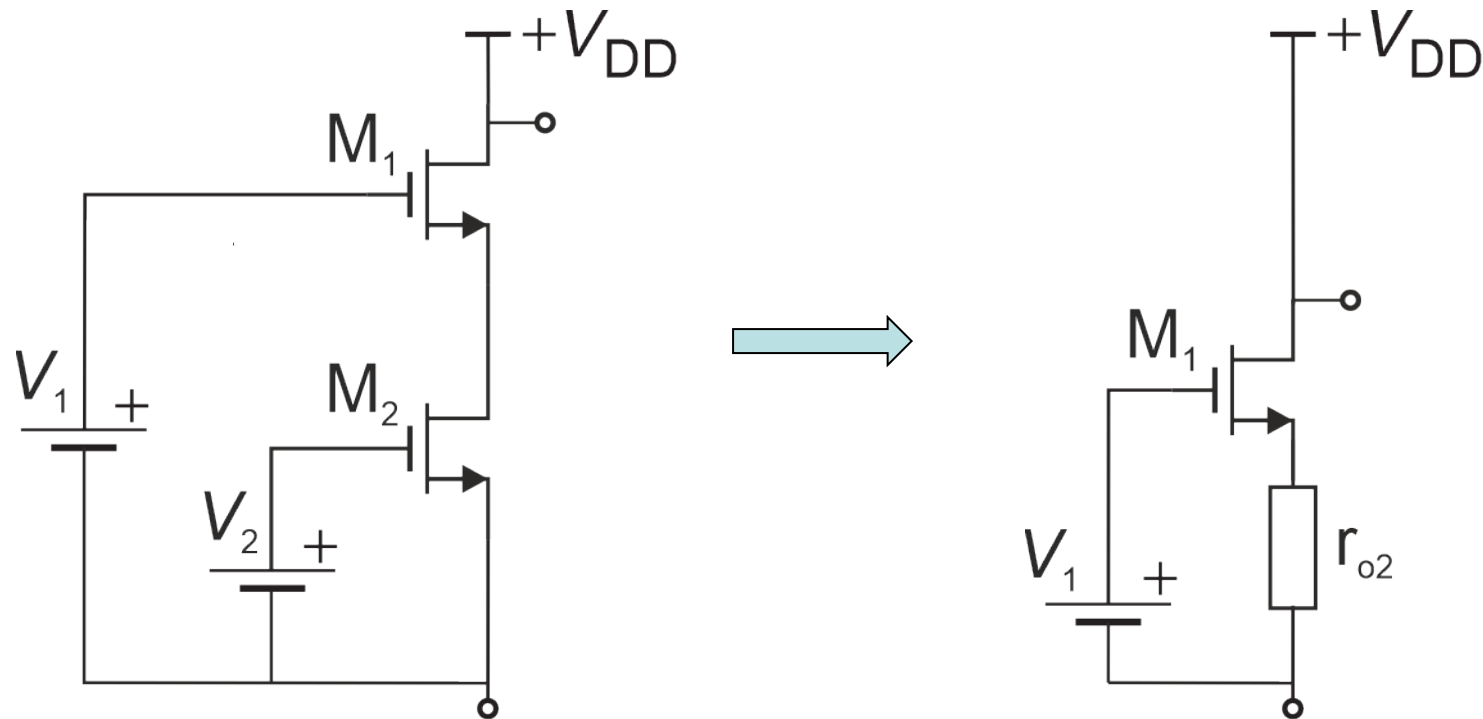
$$R_{iz} = R_D \parallel R_{DS}$$

$$R_{iz} = R_D \parallel \left( (1 + g_m r_o) R_S + r_o \right)$$



# Kaskodna veza

- Otpornik  $R_S$  je zamenjen izvorom konstantne struje

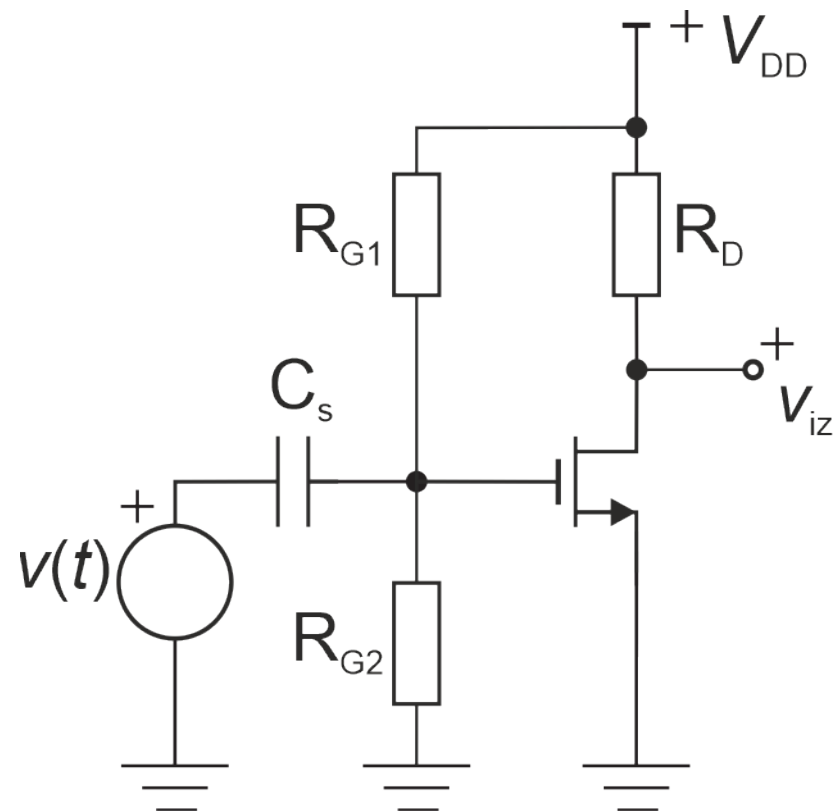
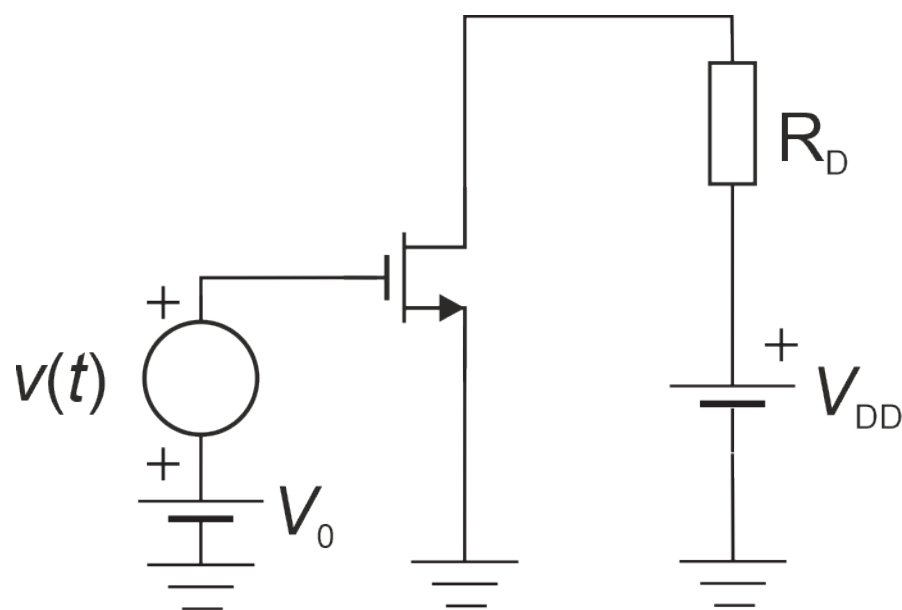


$$R_{DS} = (1 + g_{m1}r_{o2})r_{o1} + r_{o2}$$

$$R_{DS} = (1 + g_{m1}r_{o1})r_{o2} + r_{o1}$$

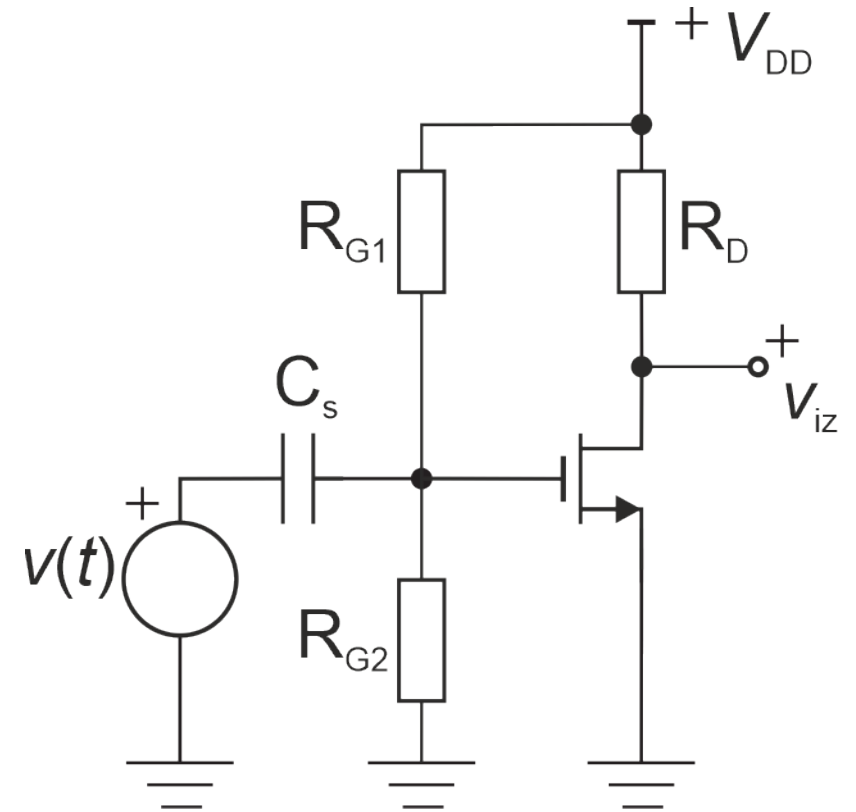
# Kola za polarizaciju

$$V_{GS} = \frac{R_{G1}}{R_{G1} + R_{G2}} V_{DD}$$



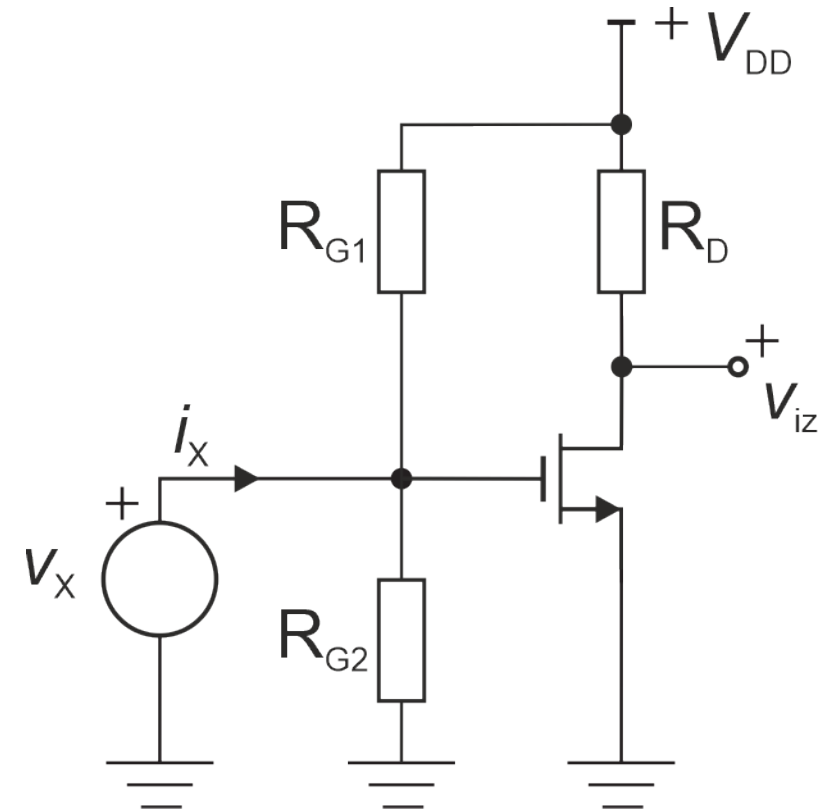
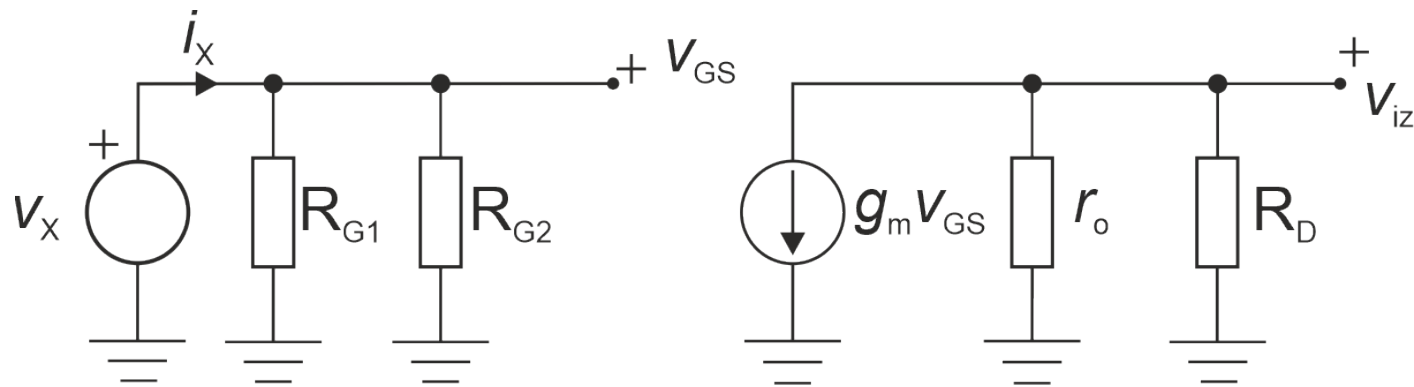
# Kola za polarizaciju

- Ukoliko je otpornost izvora signala mala, otpornik  $R_{G2}$  je kratkospojen, da bi se postigao odgovarajući jednosmerni napon na gejtju, postavlja se otpornik  $C_s$ , koji predstavlja prekid u jednosmernom režimu
- Kapacitivnost  $C_s$  je velika, tako da predstavlja kratak spoj za naizmeničan signal



# Kola za polarizaciju – ulazna impedansa

$$R_{ul} = R_{G1} \parallel R_{G2}$$



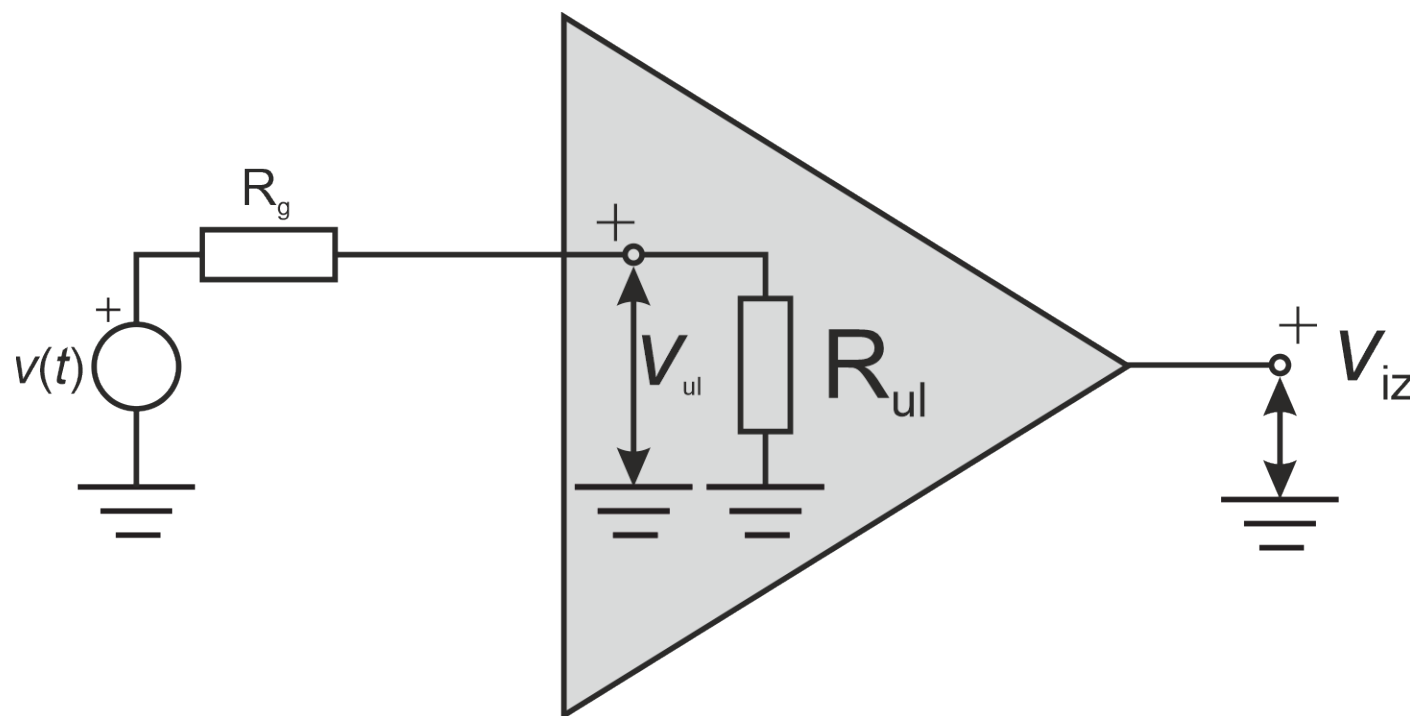
# Kola za polarizaciju - pojačanje

$$A = \frac{v_{iz}}{v} = \frac{v_{iz}}{v_{ul}} \frac{v_{ul}}{v}$$

$$v_{ul} = \frac{R_{ul}}{R_g + R_{ul}} v$$

$$\frac{v_{iz}}{v_{ul}} = -g_m R_D$$

$$A = -\frac{R_{G1} \parallel R_{G2}}{R_g + R_{G1} \parallel R_{G2}} g_m R_D$$



# Kola za polarizaciju - pojačanje

- Manje pojačanje zbog unutrašnje otpornosti izvora signala

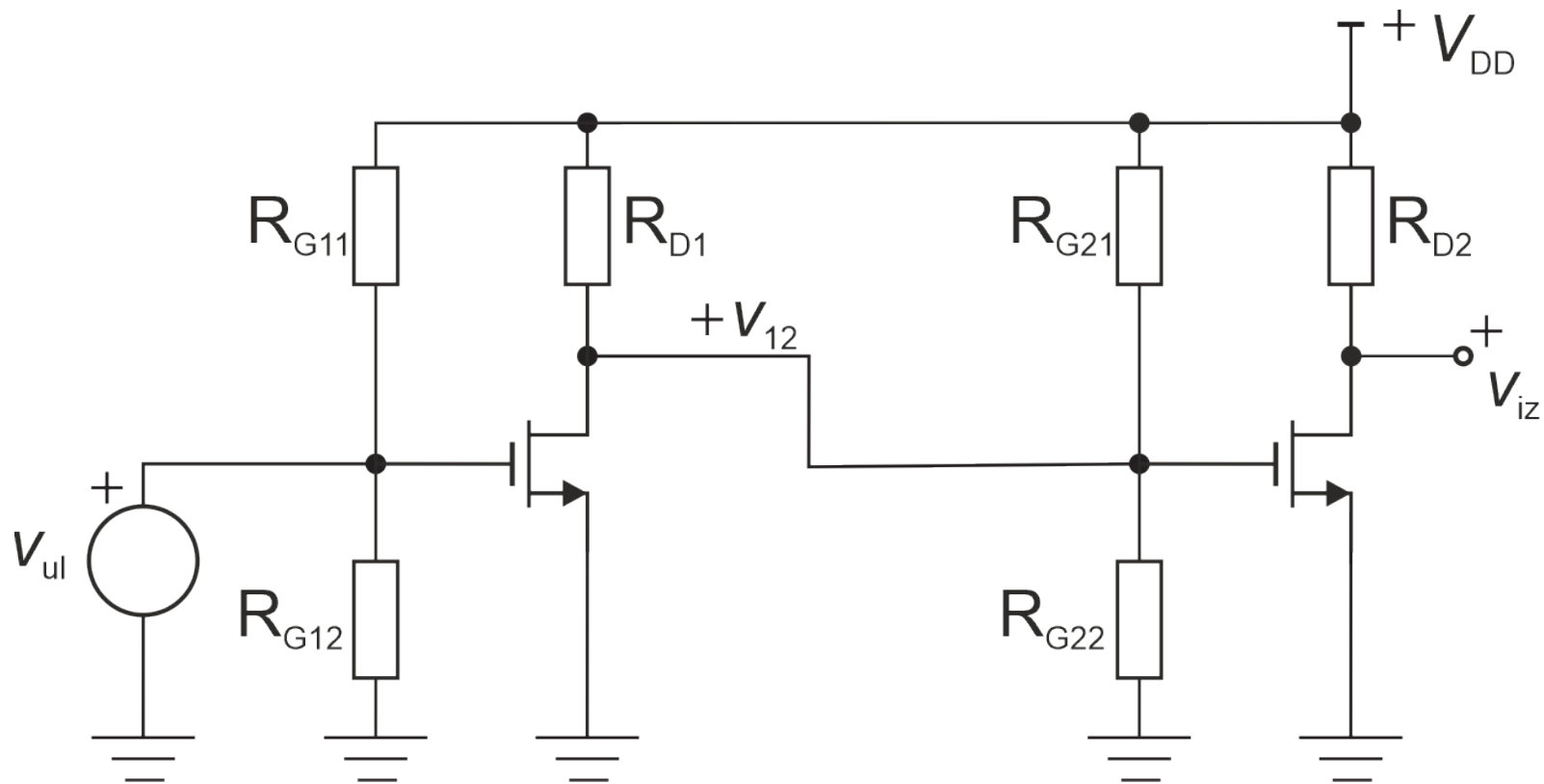
$$A = - \frac{R_{G1} \parallel R_{G2}}{R_g + R_{G1} \parallel R_{G2}} g_m R_D$$

- Prilikom izbora otpornika, potrebno je:

$$R_{G1} \parallel R_{G2} \gg R_g$$

$$R_{G1} \parallel R_{G2} \gg 1/\omega C_s$$

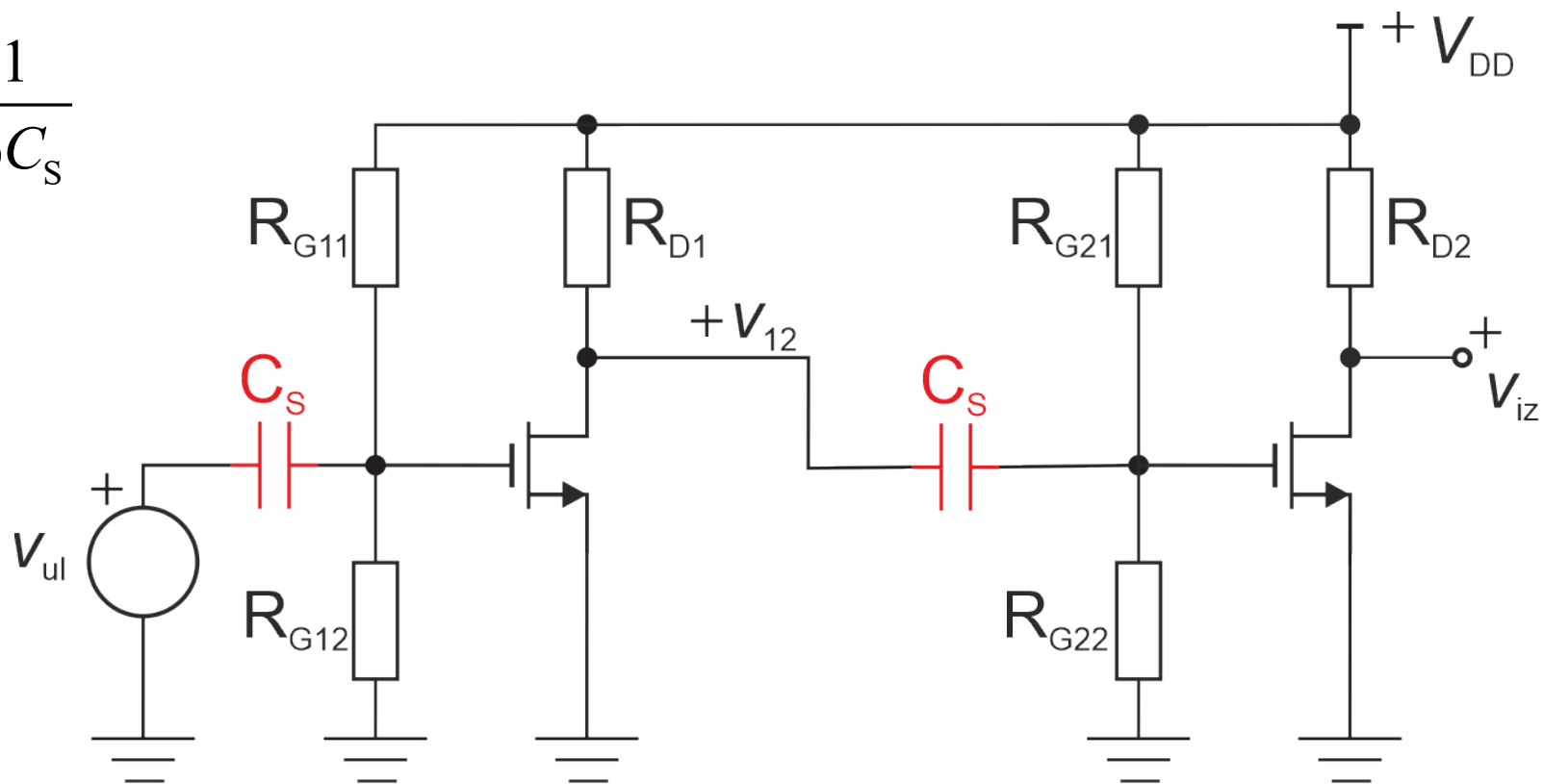
# Kola za polarizaciju





# Kola za polarizaciju

$$R_{ul1}, R_{ul2} \gg \frac{1}{\omega C_S}$$

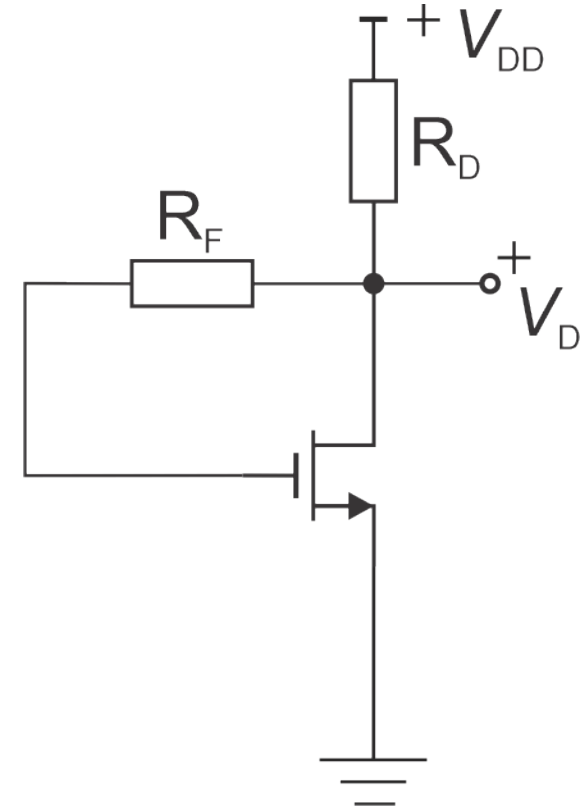


# Kola za polarizaciju

- Self-bias kolo
- Mala osetljivost na promene  $V_{CC}$
- Tranzistor je uvek u aktivnom režimu:

$$V_G = V_D = V_{DD} - I_{DS} R_D$$

$$V_{DS} = V_{GS} > V_{GS} - V_{TH}$$

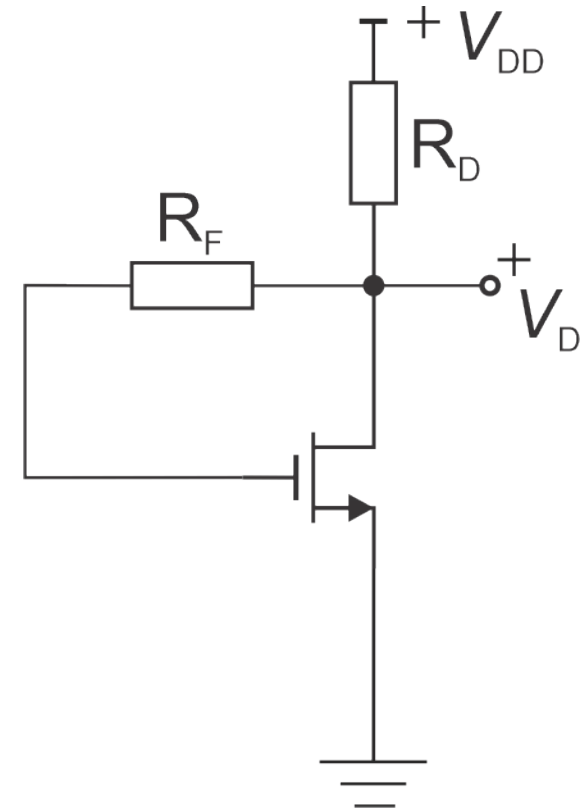


# Kola za polarizaciju

$$I_{DS} = I_{DSS} \left( \frac{V_{GS}}{V_{TH}} - 1 \right)^2$$

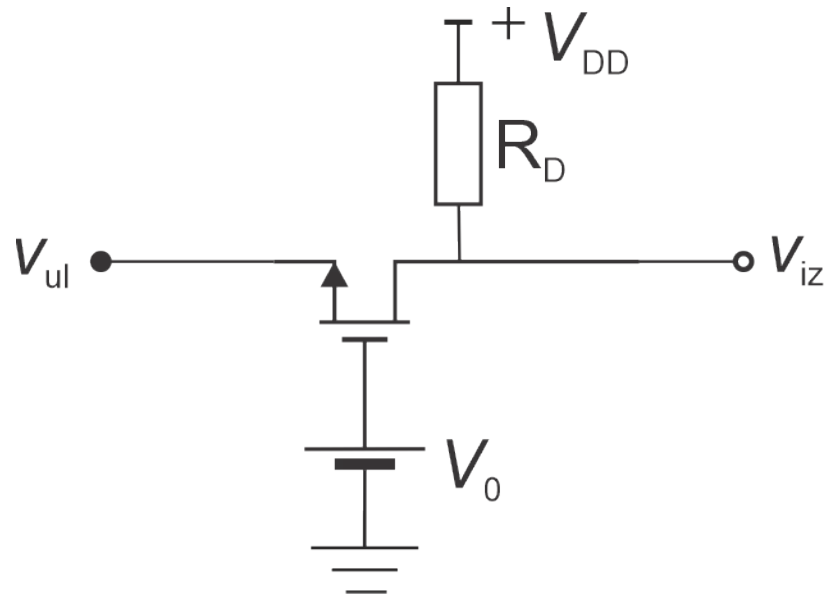
$$I_{DS} = I_{DSS} \left( \frac{V_{DD} - R_D I_{DS}}{V_{TH}} - 1 \right)^2$$

$$I_{DS} = \dots$$



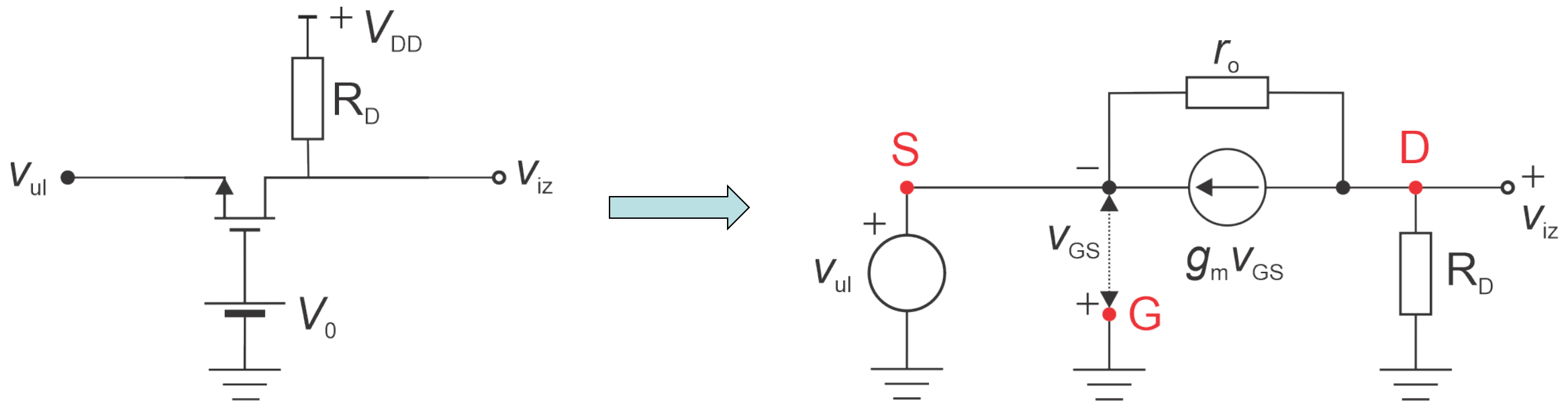
# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim gejtom

- Pojačanje, ulazna i izlazna impedansa, polarizacija



# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim gejtom

- Kolo za male signale



# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim gejtom – pojačanje

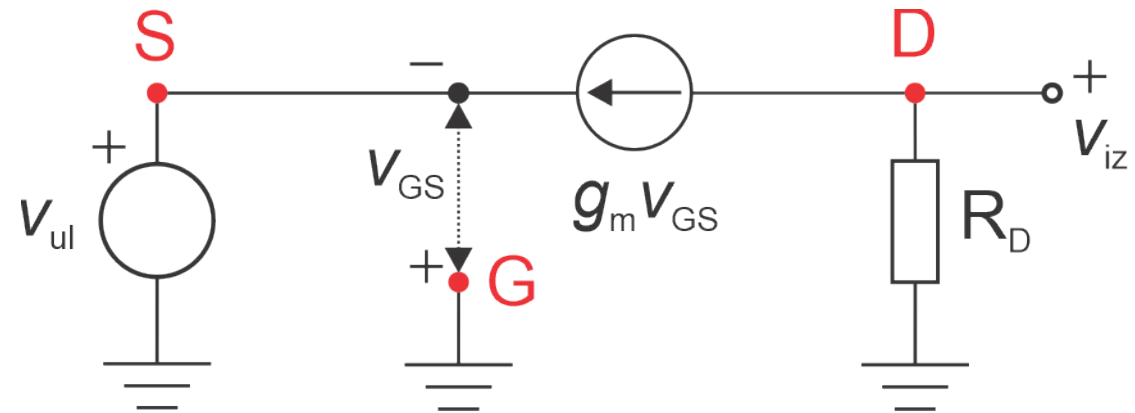
- Kolo za male signale, zanemarujemo modulaciju dužine ( $r_o = \infty$ )

$$v_{GS} = -v_{ul}$$

$$v_{iz} = -g_m v_{GS} R_D$$

$$v_{iz} = g_m R_D v_{ul}$$

$$A = g_m R_D$$



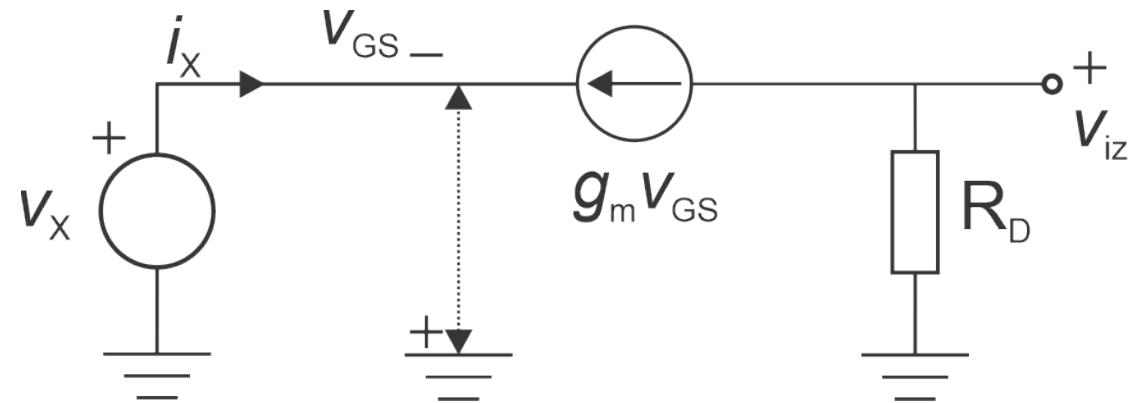
# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim gejtom – ul. impedansa

- Kolo za male signale, zanemarujemo modulaciju dužine ( $r_o = \infty$ )

$$v_X = -v_{GS}$$

$$i_X = -g_m v_{GS}$$

$$R_{ul} = \frac{v_X}{i_X} = \frac{1}{g_m}$$



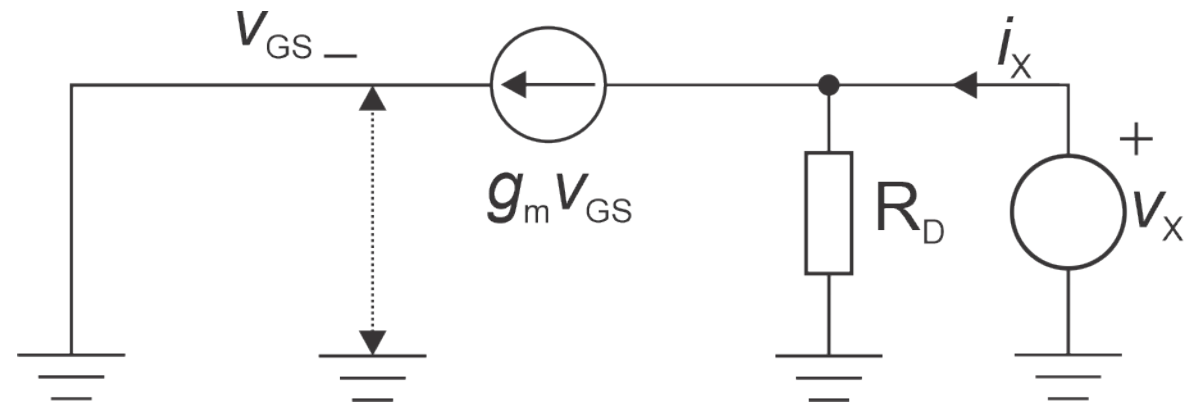
# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim gejtom – iz. impedansa

- Kolo za male signale, zanemarićemo modulaciju dužine ( $r_o = \infty$ )

$$v_{GS} = 0$$

$$i_X = \frac{v_X}{R_D} + g_m v_{GS}$$

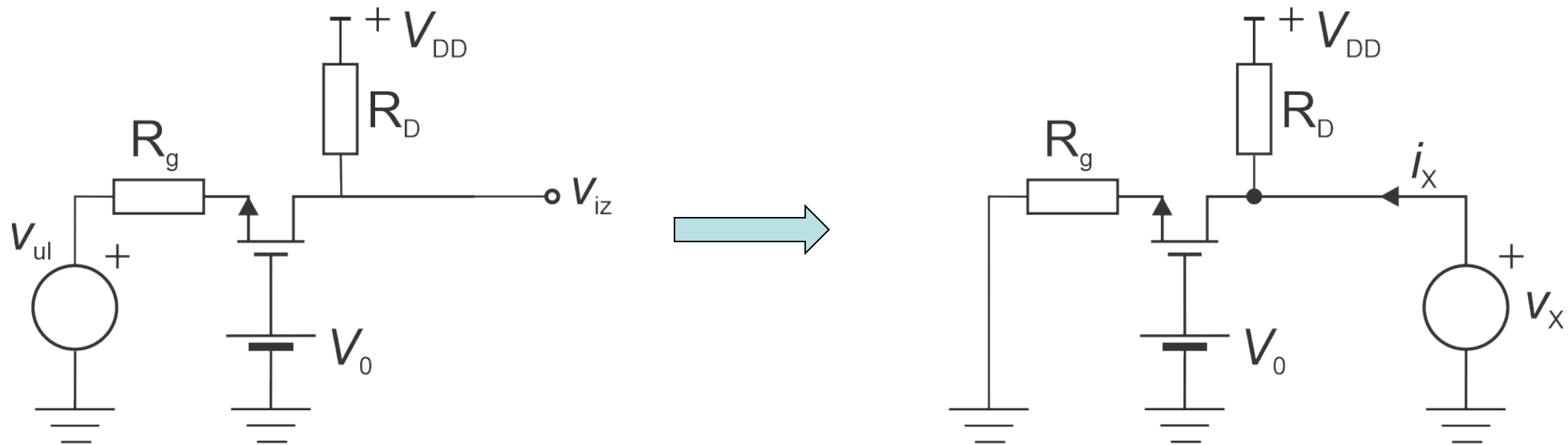
$$R_{iz} = R_D$$





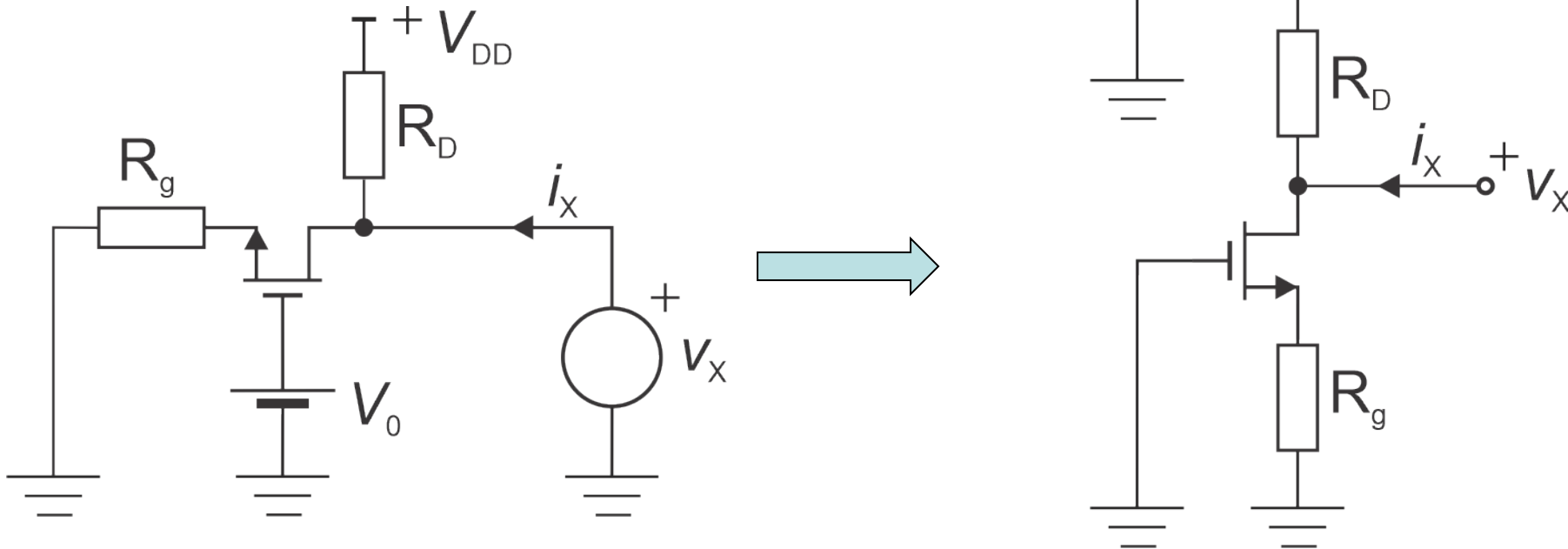
# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim gejtom – iz. impedansa

- Uticaj otpornosti izvora signala  $R_g$ , na iz. impedansu



# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim gejtom – iz. impedansa

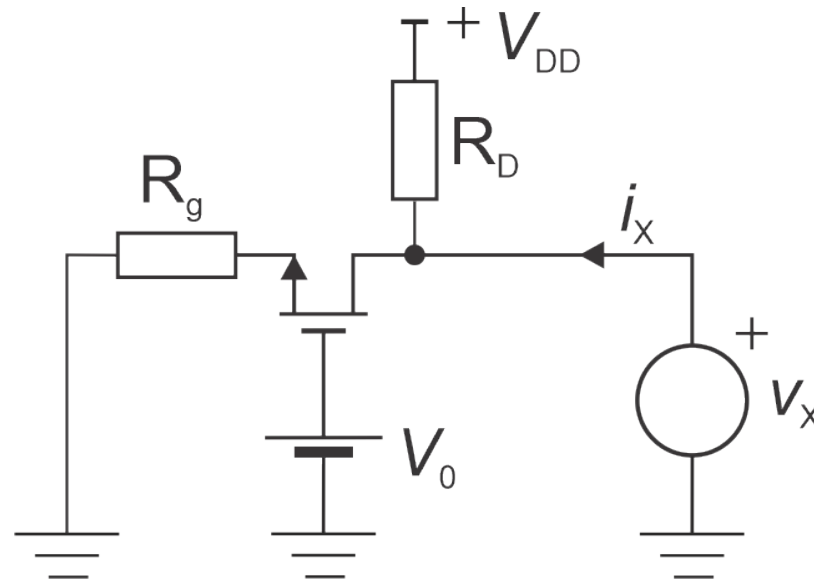
- Kolo je ekvivalentno degenerisanom sorsu



# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim gejtom – iz. impedansa

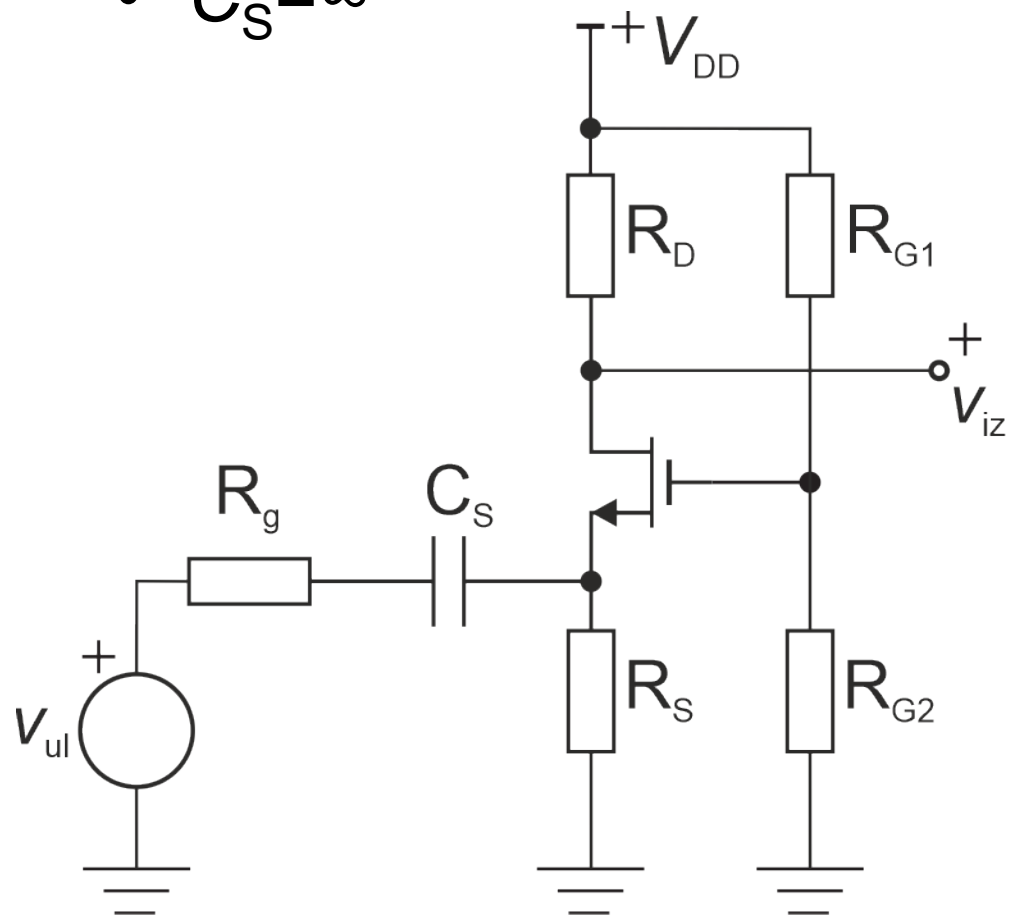
- Kolo je ekvivalentno degenerisanom sorsu

$$R_{iz} = R_D \parallel \left( (1 + g_m r_o) R_g + r_o \right)$$



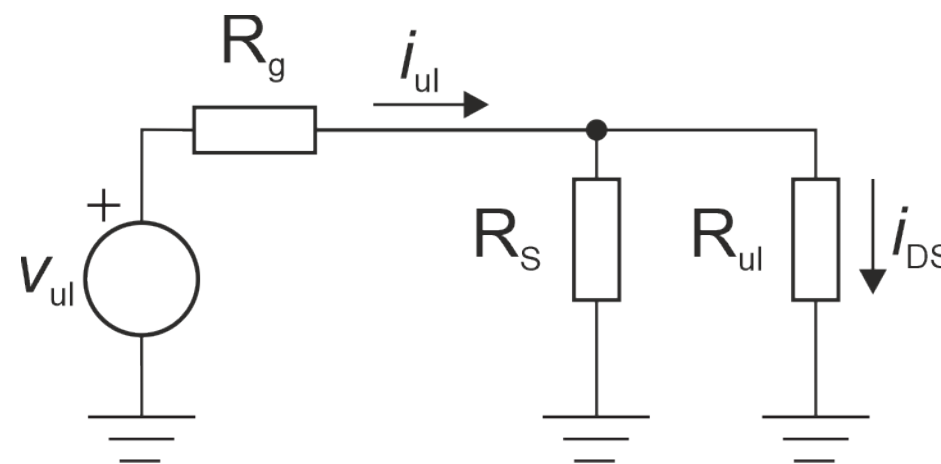
# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim gejtom – polarizacija

- $C_S = \infty$



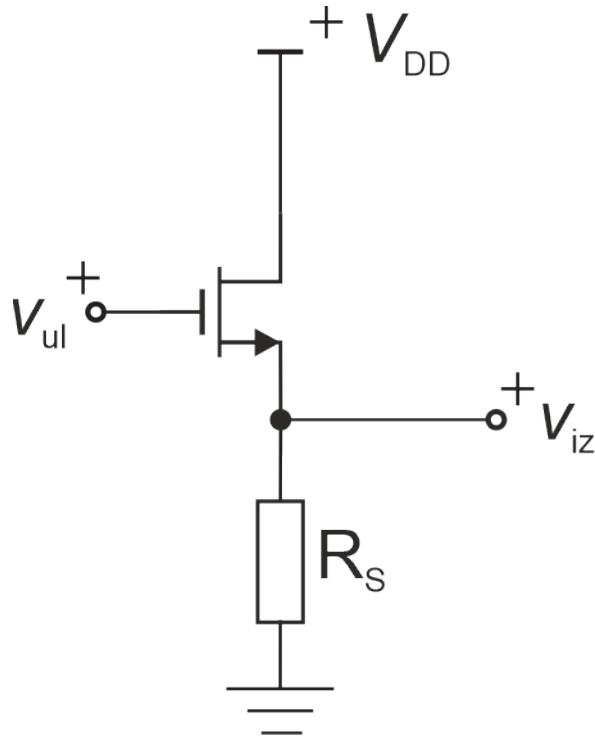
$$i_{DS} = \frac{R_S}{R_S + R_{ul}} i_{ul}$$

$$R_S \gg R_{ul}, \quad R_S \gg 1/g_m$$



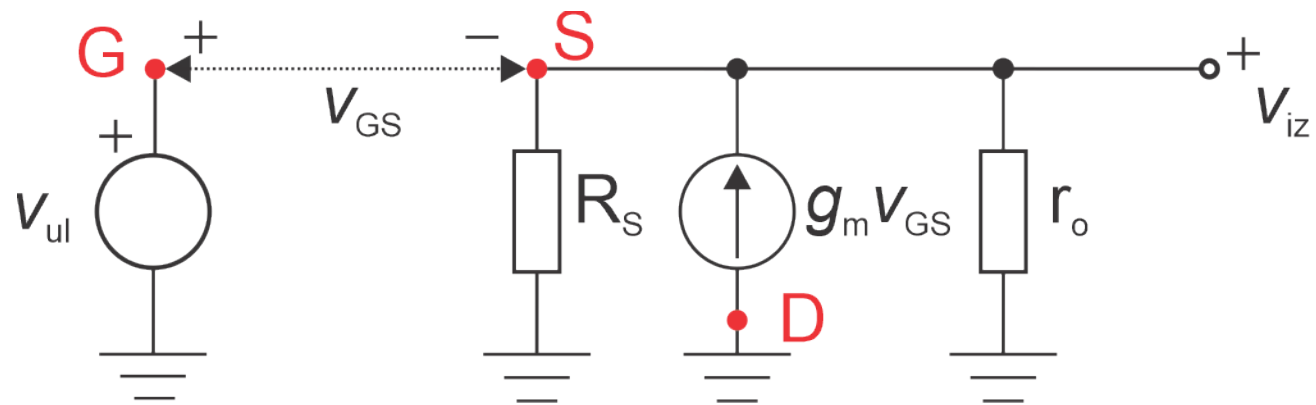
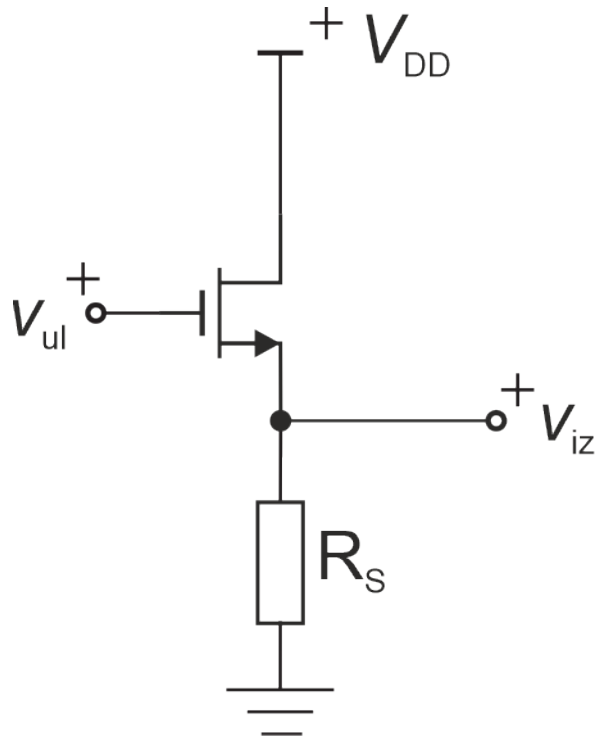
# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim drejnom

- Pojačanje, ulazna i izlazna impedansa, polarizacija



# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim drejnom

- Kolo za male signale



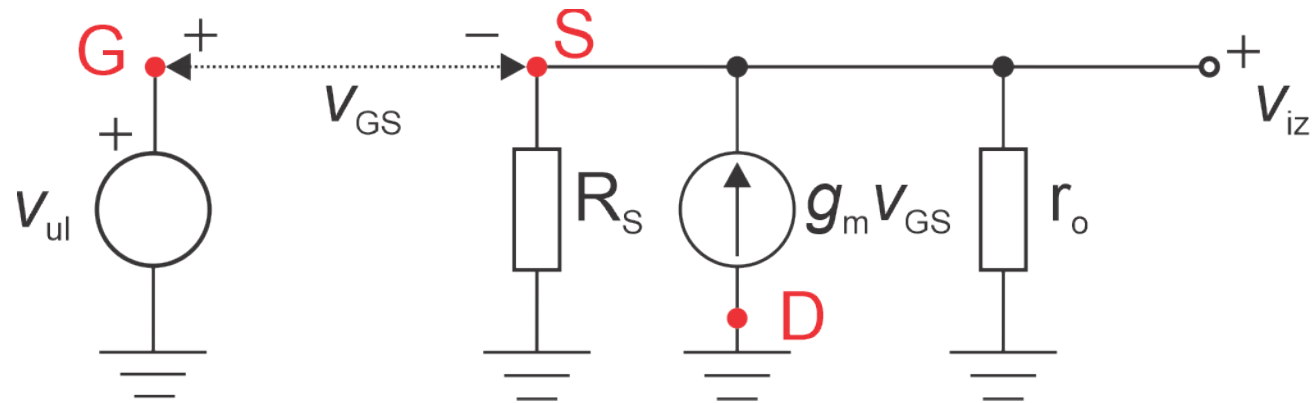
# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim drejnom – pojačanje

$$v_{GS} = v_{ul} - v_{iz}$$

$$\frac{v_{iz}}{R_S} + \frac{v_{iz}}{r_o} = g_m v_{GS}$$

$$\frac{v_{iz}}{R_S} + \frac{v_{iz}}{r_o} = g_m v_{ul} - g_m v_{iz}$$

$$v_{iz} \left( \frac{1}{R_S} + \frac{1}{r_o} + g_m \right) = g_m v_{ul}$$



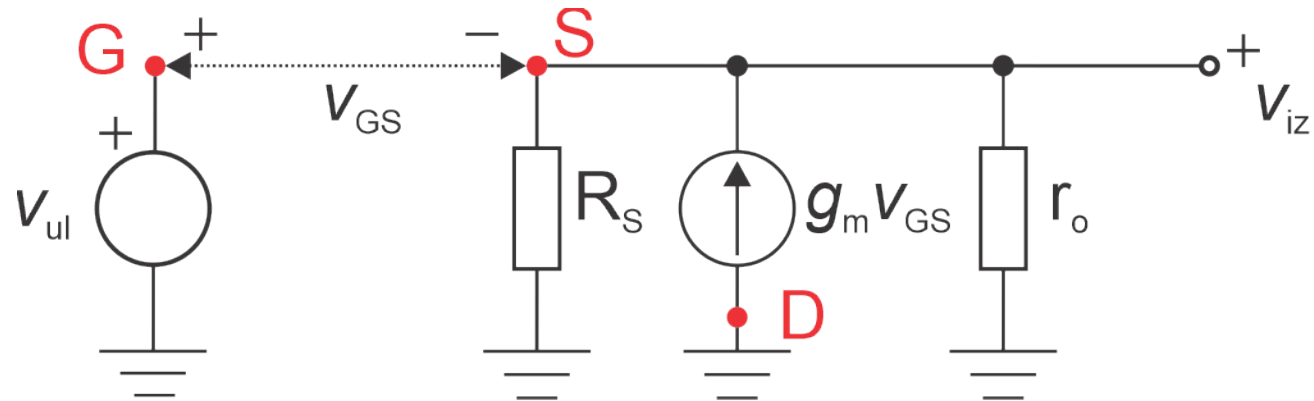
# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim drejnom – pojačanje

$$\frac{v_{iz}}{v_{ul}} = \frac{g_m}{\frac{1}{R_S} + \frac{1}{r_o} + g_m} = g_m (R_S \parallel r_o \parallel 1/g_m)$$

$$A = \frac{g_m (R_S \parallel r_o)}{1 + g_m (R_S \parallel r_o)}$$

za  $r_o \approx \infty$ ,

$$A \approx \frac{g_m R_S}{1 + g_m R_S} = \frac{R_S}{1/g_m + R_S} < 1$$

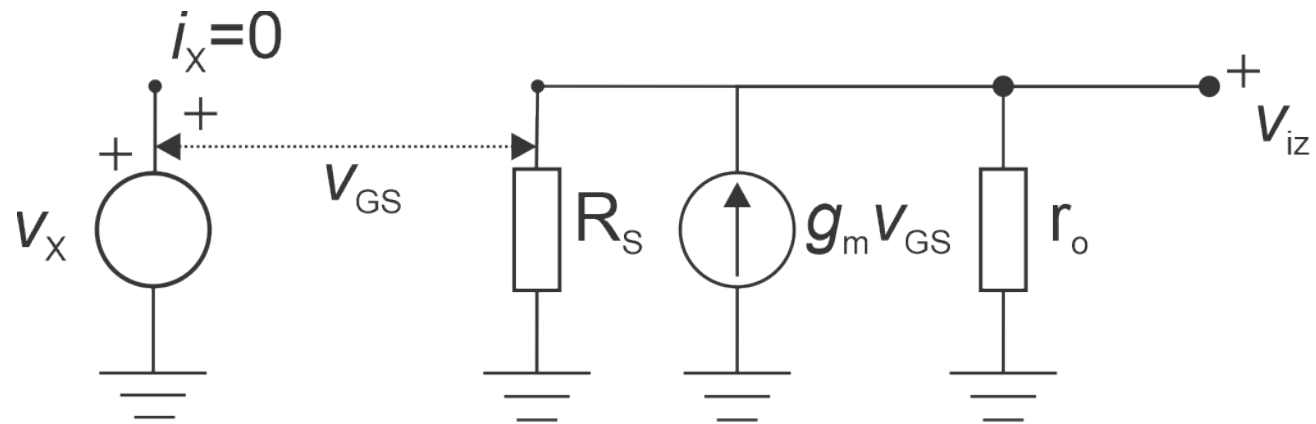




# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim drejnom – ulazna imp.

$$i_x = 0$$

$$R_{ul} = \infty$$



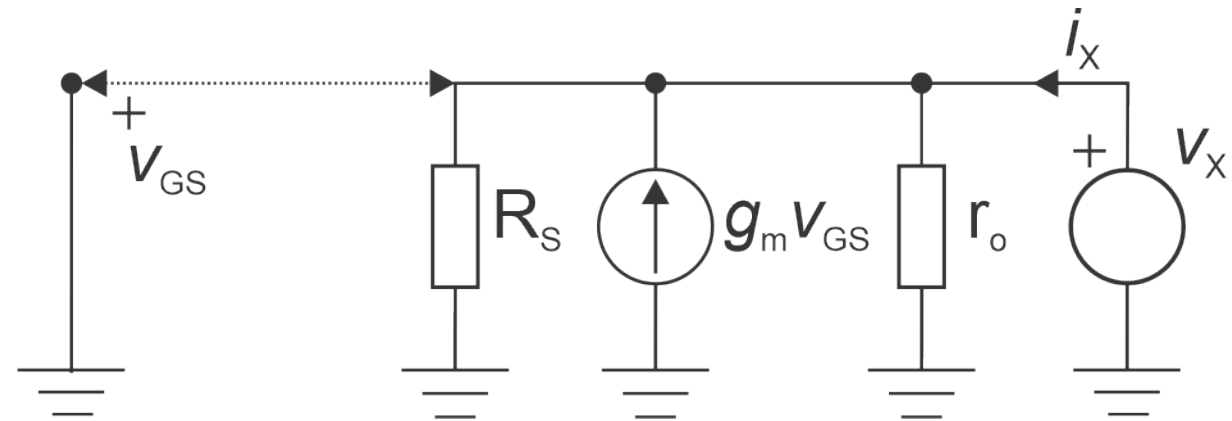
# Pojačavač sa zajedničkim drejnom – izlazna imp.

$$v_{GS} = -v_X$$

$$i_X = \frac{v_X}{R_S} + \frac{v_X}{r_o} - g_m v_{GS}$$

$$i_X = \left( \frac{1}{R_S} + \frac{1}{r_o} + g_m \right) v_X$$

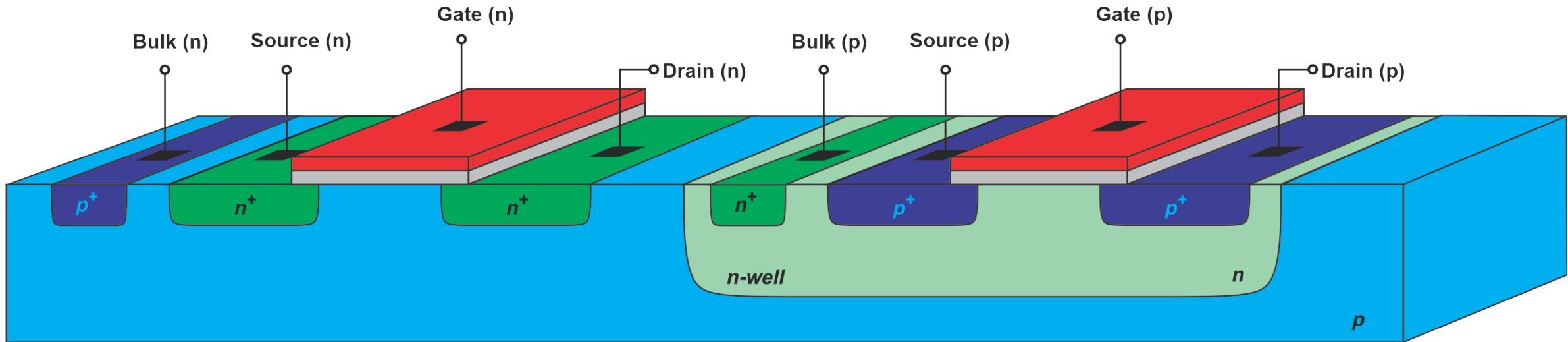
$$R_{iz} = \frac{v_X}{i_X} = R_S \parallel r_o \parallel 1/g_m$$



# Poređenje topologija pojačavača sa MOSFET

Topologija	Naponsko pojačanje $A$	Fazni pomeraj	Ulazna impedansa $R_{ul}$	Izlazna impedansa $R_{iz}$
Zajednički sors	$-g_m \cdot (R_D \parallel r_o)$	$\pi$	$\infty$	$r_o \parallel R_D$
Degenerisani sors	$-\frac{g_m R_D}{1 + g_m R_S}$	$\pi$	$\infty$	$(1 + g_m r_o) R_S + r_o$
Zajednički sors sa naponskim razdelnikom	$-g_m \cdot (R_D \parallel r_o)$	$\pi$	$R_{G1} \parallel R_{G2}$	$r_o \parallel R_D$
Zajednički gejt	$g_m \cdot R_D$	0	$1/g_m$	$R_D$
Zajednički drejn	$\approx \frac{R_S \parallel r_o}{1/g_m + R_S \parallel r_o}$	0	$\infty$	$R_S \parallel r_o \parallel 1/g_m$

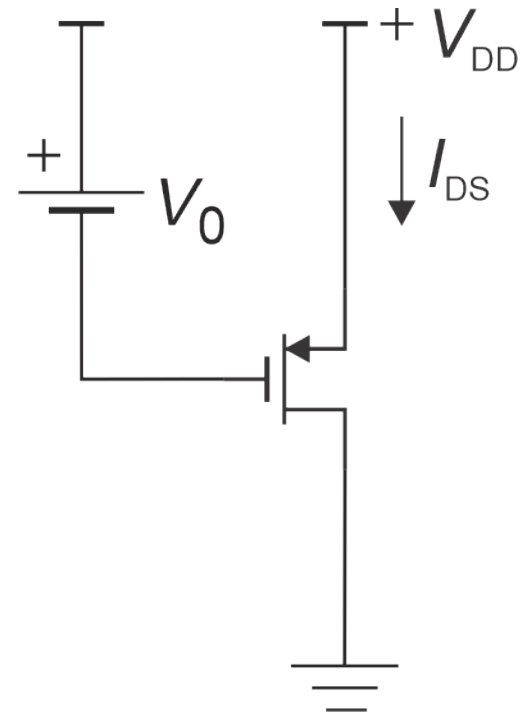
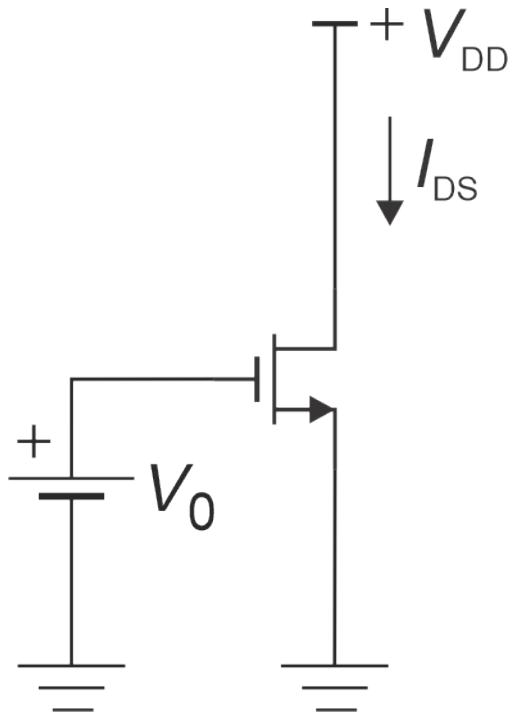
# Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor – CMOS



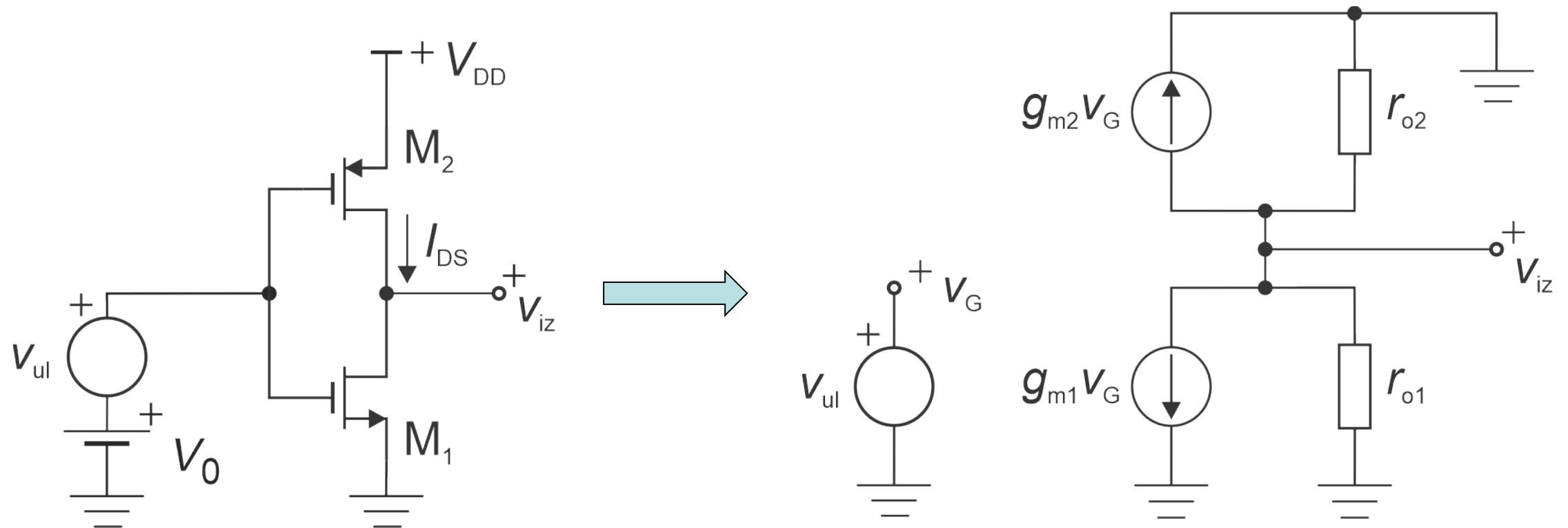
# CMOS – polarizacija

- Polarizacija tranzistora, režim zasićenja:
  1. N-MOS:  $V_{GS} > V_{TH}$ ,  $V_{DS} > V_{GS} - V_{TH}$ ,  $V_{TH}$  je pozitivan, drejn je na višem potencijalu od sorsa ( $V_D > V_S$ )
  2. P-MOS:  $V_{GS} < V_{TH}$ ,  $V_{DS} < V_{GS} - V_{TH}$ ,  $V_{TH}$  je negativan, drejn je na nižem potencijalu od sorsa ( $V_D < V_S$ )

# CMOS – polarizacija



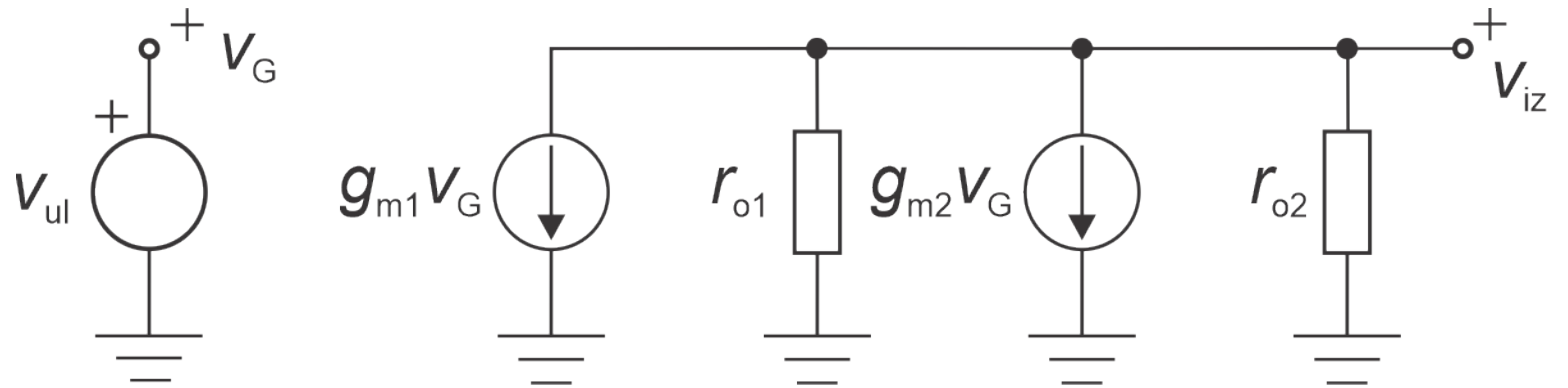
# CMOS pojačavač



# CMOS pojačavač

$$g_m = g_{m1} + g_{m2}$$

$$r_o = r_{o1} \parallel r_{o2}$$





# CMOS pojačavač

$$A = -g_m r_o$$

$$A = -(g_{m1} + g_{m2})(r_{o1} \parallel r_{o2})$$

$$R_{ul} = \infty$$

$$R_{iz} = r_{o1} \parallel r_{o2}$$

